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(Original Signature of Member)

118TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. R. _____

To promote innovation in financial services, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. MCHENRY introduced the following bill; which was referred to the
Committee on _____

A BILL

To promote innovation in financial services, and for other
purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
5 “Financial Services Innovation Act of 2024”.

6 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
7 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Definitions.
- Sec. 3. Agency identification of regulatory areas.
- Sec. 4. Establishment or designation of FSIO at agencies.
- Sec. 5. FSIO Liaison Committee and chair.

- Sec. 6. Petition to agency.
- Sec. 7. Agency determination of petition.
- Sec. 8. Enforceable compliance agreement.
- Sec. 9. Report to Congress.

1 **SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.**

2 In this Act, the following definitions shall apply:

3 (1) AGENCY REGULATION.—The term “agency
4 regulation” means—

5 (A) a rule (as defined in section 551 of
6 title 5, United States Code) issued by an agen-
7 cy;

8 (B) guidance issued by an agency; or

9 (C) a published proposed or interim rule,
10 policy statement, directive, adjudication, or in-
11 terpretation of an agency.

12 (2) AGENCY.—The term “agency” means each
13 of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve
14 System, the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protec-
15 tion, the Department of Housing and Urban Devel-
16 opment, the Department of the Treasury, the Fed-
17 eral Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal
18 Housing Finance Agency, the National Credit Union
19 Administration Board, the Office of the Comptroller
20 of the Currency, and the Securities and Exchange
21 Commission.

22 (3) COVERED PERSON.—The term “covered
23 person” means a person that offers or intends to

1 offer a financial innovation by submitting a petition
2 to a Financial Services Innovation Office at one or
3 more agencies.

4 (4) ENFORCEABLE COMPLIANCE AGREE-
5 MENT.—The term “enforceable compliance agree-
6 ment” means an agreement described under section
7 8.

8 (5) FINANCIAL INNOVATION.—The term “finan-
9 cial innovation” means a financial product or service
10 (as defined in section 1002 of the Consumer Finan-
11 cial Protection Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5481))—

12 (A) the delivery of which is enabled by
13 technology; and

14 (B) that is or may be subject to an agency
15 regulation or Federal statute.

16 (6) FINANCIAL SERVICES INNOVATION OFFICE;
17 FSIO.—The term “Financial Services Innovative Of-
18 fice” or “FSIO” means an office established in an
19 agency pursuant to section 4.

20 **SEC. 3. AGENCY IDENTIFICATION OF REGULATORY AREAS.**

21 Not later than 60 days after the date of the enact-
22 ment of this Act, and biannually thereafter, each agency
23 shall publish in the Federal Register a nonexclusive list
24 that identifies 3 or more areas of existing agency regula-
25 tion—

1 (1) that apply or may apply to a financial inno-
2 vation; and

3 (2) that the agency would consider modifying or
4 waiving if the agency were to receive a petition
5 under section 6 relating to that regulation.

6 **SEC. 4. ESTABLISHMENT OR DESIGNATION OF FSIO AT**
7 **AGENCIES.**

8 (a) **IN GENERAL.**—Each agency shall establish or
9 designate an office within the agency to be known as the
10 “Financial Services Innovation Office” of the “FSIO”.
11 Each such Financial Services Innovation Office shall to
12 promote financial innovations and to assist a covered per-
13 son with an approved petition under section 7.

14 (b) **ADMINISTRATION.**—Each agency shall designate
15 an individual to serve as the head of the agency’s FSIO.

16 (c) **DUTIES.**—

17 (1) **GENERAL DUTIES.**—Each agency, acting
18 through the agency’s FSIO, shall—

19 (A) support the development of financial
20 innovations;

21 (B) coordinate with FSIOs at other agen-
22 cies to share information and data about finan-
23 cial innovations;

24 (C) upon request, coordinate with relevant
25 State regulatory entities to provide information

1 to the public with respect to financial innova-
2 tions and agency regulations related to such fi-
3 nancial innovations; and

4 (D) establish procedures to reduce the reg-
5 ulatory burden of offering a financial innovation
6 to the public and enable greater access to finan-
7 cial innovations.

8 (2) DUTIES FOR PETITIONS.—With respect to a
9 covered person with an approved petition under sec-
10 tion 7, each FSIO shall—

11 (A) work with the covered person to ad-
12 dress issues of how existing regulatory frame-
13 works apply to the financial innovation that is
14 the subject of the petition;

15 (B) assist the covered person in complying
16 with the requirements of Federal regulators of
17 the financial innovation; and

18 (C) assist the covered person in responding
19 to any challenges to a modification or a waiver
20 granted under subsection (d).

21 (d) WAIVER AUTHORITY.—An agency, acting
22 through the agency's FSIO, may modify or waive the ap-
23 plication of an agency regulation of the agency or the Fed-
24 eral statute under which the agency has rulemaking au-
25 thority if—

1 (1) a petition of the covered person has been
2 approved under section 7; and

3 (2) the agency determines that compliance with
4 such agency regulation or Federal statute would im-
5 pede the ability of a covered person to offer the fi-
6 nancial innovation that is the subject of the petition.

7 (e) TERMINATION OF OTHER PROGRAMS; TRANSFER
8 OF AUTHORITY.—

9 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after
10 the establishment or designation of a FSIO at an
11 agency, the agency shall modify any offices or pro-
12 grams at the agency that promote financial innova-
13 tions or assist covered persons in offering financial
14 innovations, and merge or transfer the operations of
15 such offices or programs into the FSIO.

16 (2) LEGAL ACTIONS OR PROCEEDINGS.—On the
17 date that is 90 days after the establishment or des-
18 ignation of a FSIO at an agency, any legal action
19 or proceeding commenced by or against any other
20 offices or programs at the agency that promote fi-
21 nancial innovations or assist covered persons in of-
22 fering financial innovations, including no-action let-
23 ters and staff advisory opinions, shall be transferred
24 to the FSIO of that agency.

1 (f) REPORT.—Not later than 6 months after the date
2 of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, each
3 agency shall present testimony to Congress and submit a
4 report to Congress and to the Financial Stability Over-
5 sight Council on the activities of the FSIO of such agency,
6 including a description of the petitions considered, the ra-
7 tionale for acceptance or rejection of petitions, and the ef-
8 forts of the FSIO to encourage financial innovations.

9 (g) ELIMINATION OF FSIO.—If an agency has not
10 received a petition described in section 6 within 5 years
11 of the date of the establishment of the FSIO of such agen-
12 cy, the agency shall eliminate the FSIO. Such agency shall
13 continue to comply with the requirements of any
14 multiparty agreement entered into pursuant to section
15 8(c) on or before the date of such elimination.

16 **SEC. 5. FSIO LIAISON COMMITTEE AND CHAIR.**

17 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 60 days after
18 the date of the enactment of this Act, the agencies shall
19 establish a committee to be known as the “FSIO Liaison
20 Committee”.

21 (b) MEMBERS.—The FSIO Liaison Committee shall
22 be composed of the head of each FSIO described under
23 section 4 and a State banking supervisor selected by the
24 Conference of State Bank Supervisors (or a successor or-
25 ganization).

1 (c) DUTIES.—The FSIO Liaison Committee shall—

2 (1) consult on the administration, coordination,
3 and oversight the FSIO of each agency;

4 (2) facilitate the cooperation of each FSIO to
5 ensure that agencies share information and data on
6 petitions submitted under section 6;

7 (3) monitor proposals for agency regulation and
8 developments related to financial innovations;

9 (4) encourage the application of uniform prin-
10 ciples and standards at each FSIO; and

11 (5) facilitate collaboration with relevant State
12 regulatory entities to provide information to the pub-
13 lic with respect to financial innovations and agency
14 regulations related to such financial innovations.

15 (d) MEETINGS.—The FSIO Liaison Committee shall
16 meet at least twice a year.

17 (e) CHAIR.—

18 (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The first Chair of the
19 FSIO Liaison Committee shall be elected by the
20 members. The Chair shall serve for a term of 2
21 years and thereafter the chairmanship shall rotate
22 among the members of the committee.

23 (2) POWERS OF THE CHAIR.—The Chair is au-
24 thorized to carry out the internal administration of
25 the FSIO Liaison Committee, including the appoint-

1 ment and supervision of employees and the distribu-
2 tion of tasks among members, employees, and ad-
3 ministrative units.

4 (f) TESTIMONY.—Not later than 6 months after the
5 date of the enactment of this Act, the Chair of the FSIO
6 Liaison Committee shall present testimony to Congress on
7 the activities of the FSIO Liaison Committee.

8 (g) FUNDING.—

9 (1) COMPENSATION OF MEMBERS.—Each mem-
10 ber of the FSIO Liaison Committee shall serve with-
11 out additional compensation but shall be entitled to
12 reasonable expenses incurred in carrying out official
13 duties as such a member.

14 (2) GENERAL EXPENSES.—The costs and ex-
15 penses of the FSIO Liaison Committee, including
16 the salaries of employees, shall be split equally be-
17 tween, and paid by, each agency other than an agen-
18 cy that has eliminated the agency's FSIO pursuant
19 to section 4(g).

20 **SEC. 6. PETITION TO AGENCY.**

21 (a) IN GENERAL.—A covered person may submit a
22 petition to an agency, through the agency's FSIO, in such
23 form and in such manner as the agency's FSIO may re-
24 quire, to request to enter into an enforceable compliance
25 agreement containing a modification or waiver of an agen-

1 cy regulation of the agency or the Federal statute under
2 which the agency has rulemaking authority with respect
3 to—

4 (1) the covered person; or

5 (2) a financial innovation the covered person of-
6 fers or intends to offer.

7 (b) CONTENTS.—In a petition submitted under this
8 section, the covered person shall—

9 (1) submit an alternative compliance strategy
10 that proposes a method to comply with the agency
11 regulation or Federal statutory requirement; and

12 (2) demonstrate that under the alternative com-
13 pliance strategy, the financial innovation—

14 (A) would serve the public interest;

15 (B) improves consumer access to a finan-
16 cial product or service;

17 (C) would not present systemic risk to the
18 United States financial system; and

19 (D) would promote consumer protection.

20 (c) MULTIPARTY PETITIONS.—One or more covered
21 persons that offer or intend to offer similar financial inno-
22 vations may jointly submit a petition under this section.

23 (d) SAFE HARBOR.—

24 (1) IN GENERAL.—During the period after a
25 covered person submits a petition under this section

1 and before the agency receiving the petition makes
2 a determination on the petition pursuant to section
3 7, an agency may not take an enforcement action
4 against a covered person relating to the financial in-
5 novation that was the subject of the petition.

6 (2) INJUNCTIVE RELIEF.—If an agency deter-
7 mines that a financial innovation described under
8 paragraph (1) presents an immediate danger to con-
9 sumers or presents systemic risk to the United
10 States financial system, the agency may apply to a
11 court of competent jurisdiction for an injunction to
12 prohibit a covered person from offering such finan-
13 cial innovation during the period described in para-
14 graph (1).

15 (3) PRESERVATION OF ANTI-FRAUD AUTHOR-
16 ITY.—This subsection shall not apply to the author-
17 ity of an agency to take an enforcement action
18 against a covered person with respect to fraud relat-
19 ing to the financial innovation that was the subject
20 of the petition.

21 (e) NOTICE AND COMMENT.—

22 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after
23 receiving a petition, the agency that receives the pe-
24 tition shall publish the petition in the Federal Reg-

1 ister and provide a 60-day period for public notice
2 and comment.

3 (2) EXCEPTION FOR NOTICE AND COMMENT PE-
4 RIOD.—The agency that receives the petition may
5 waive the notice and comment period described in
6 paragraph (1) if such agency determines that the
7 covered person submitting the petition is similarly
8 situated to another covered person that has been
9 granted approval of a petition pursuant to section 7.

10 (3) CONFIDENTIALITY.—The agency shall
11 maintain the confidentiality of any nonpublicly avail-
12 able data or information in any petition submitted
13 under this section. The agency shall give reasonable
14 consideration to maintaining the confidentiality of
15 data or information identified by the covered person
16 in the petition submitting under this section as non-
17 publicly available data or information.

18 **SEC. 7. AGENCY DETERMINATION OF PETITION.**

19 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the
20 end of the comment period described under section 6 (or
21 if the comment period was waived, not later than 60 days
22 after receipt of a petition under section 6), the head of
23 the agency receiving the petition shall complete a review
24 of the petition and notify the covered person, in writing,
25 of the agency's determination of the petition.

1 (b) APPROVAL.—If the covered person submitting the
2 petition shows that it is more likely than not that the cov-
3 ered person meets the requirements for establishing an al-
4 ternative compliance strategy, the agency shall—

5 (1) approve the petition; and

6 (2) enter into an enforceable compliance agree-
7 ment with the covered person in accordance with the
8 requirements of section 8.

9 (c) DISAPPROVAL.—

10 (1) EXPLANATION.—If the agency disapproves
11 a petition, the agency head shall provide the covered
12 person with a written notice explaining the reason
13 for such disapproval, including—

14 (A) evidence that the covered person did
15 not satisfy the requirements for establishing an
16 alternative compliance strategy;

17 (B) an identification of any agency regula-
18 tions or Federal statutes applicable to the cov-
19 ered person with respect to the financial innova-
20 tion that were omitted from the petition; and

21 (C) a description of—

22 (i) any beneficial effects, including an
23 identification of persons likely to benefit,
24 from rejecting the petition;

1 (ii) any potential costs, including an
2 identification of persons likely to bear the
3 costs, of rejecting the petition; and

4 (iii) the baseline used by the agency to
5 measure the likely economic consequences
6 of rejecting the petition.

7 (2) RESUBMITTAL.—Receipt of a notice of dis-
8 approval of a petition under this subsection shall not
9 preclude a covered person from revising and resub-
10 mitting such petition to the agency under section 6.

11 (d) MORATORIUM.—If an agency disapproves a peti-
12 tion submitted in good faith under this section, the agency
13 shall provide the covered person a reasonable amount of
14 time before the agency takes an enforcement action
15 against the covered person relating to the financial innova-
16 tion that was the subject of the petition.

17 (e) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—A covered person may seek
18 judicial review of an agency’s determination on a petition
19 in accordance with subchapter II of chapter 5 of title 5,
20 United States Code, and chapter 7 of such title (commonly
21 known as the “Administrative Procedure Act”).

22 **SEC. 8. ENFORCEABLE COMPLIANCE AGREEMENT.**

23 (a) IN GENERAL.—If an agency approves a petition
24 under section 7, the covered person shall enter into an

1 enforceable compliance agreement with the agency, which
2 shall include—

3 (1) the terms under which the approved finan-
4 cial innovation may be developed or offered to the
5 public; and

6 (2) any requirements of the covered person and
7 any agency with respect to the financial innovation.

8 (b) REQUIREMENTS.—Each agency, by rule, shall es-
9 tablish requirements relating to enforceable compliance
10 agreements that include—

11 (1) procedures for modifying the terms of the
12 agreement;

13 (2) consequences for failure to comply with the
14 terms of the agreement;

15 (3) a compliance examination process that—

16 (A) solicits feedback from other agencies
17 on the agreement; and

18 (B) occurs not less frequently than annu-
19 ally;

20 (4) a termination date for the agreement that
21 is at least 1 year after the date on which the agree-
22 ment is entered into;

23 (5) procedures for extending the termination
24 date;

1 (6) procedures for judicial review of another
2 agency's or State's challenge to the agreement in ac-
3 cordance with subchapter II of chapter 5 of title 5,
4 United States Code, and chapter 7 of such title
5 (commonly known as the "Administrative Procedure
6 Act"); and

7 (7) procedures for maintaining the confiden-
8 tiality of any information disclosed to the agency
9 during the process of drafting and entering into
10 agreement.

11 (c) MULTIPARTY AGREEMENTS.—With respect to a
12 financial innovation that is the subject of an enforceable
13 compliance agreement entered into under this section, an
14 agency that did not enter into such enforceable compliance
15 agreement may join as a party to the enforceable compli-
16 ance agreement entered into pursuant to this section.

17 (d) LIMITATION ON ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS.—

18 (1) IN GENERAL.—If a covered person and an
19 agency enter into an enforceable compliance agree-
20 ment—

21 (A) another agency that is not party to the
22 multiparty agreement described in subsection
23 (c) may not commence an enforcement action
24 against the covered person with respect to the

1 financial innovation that is the subject of the
2 enforceable compliance agreement; and

3 (B) a State may not commence an enforce-
4 ment action against the covered person with re-
5 spect to the financial innovation that is the sub-
6 ject of the enforceable compliance agreement, if
7 the covered person provides the State with—

8 (i) the enforcement compliance agree-
9 ment; and

10 (ii) a statement of policies and proce-
11 dures the covered person has in place to
12 comply with State laws that are applicable
13 to the financial innovation.

14 (2) STATE EXCEPTION FOR CONSUMER
15 HARM.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1)(B), a State
16 may commence an enforcement action against a cov-
17 ered person with respect to a financial innovation
18 that is the subject of an enforceable compliance
19 agreement if, in an action brought by the State in
20 a court of competent jurisdiction, the court deter-
21 mines that the agency’s action was arbitrary and ca-
22 pricious and the financial innovation has substan-
23 tially harmed consumers within such State.

24 (e) ARBITRATION.—A covered person may elect to ar-
25 bitrate any action initiated by another person relating to

1 a financial innovation that is the subject of the enforceable
2 compliance agreement.

3 **SEC. 9. REPORT TO CONGRESS.**

4 Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment
5 of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Financial Sta-
6 bility Oversight Council shall submit to Congress a report
7 on the aggregate impact of enforceable compliance agree-
8 ments entered into under this Act, which shall include—

9 (1) the number and characteristics of the agree-
10 ments;

11 (2) the most innovative and least burdensome
12 tools that the agency's FSIO has implemented to
13 allow a financial innovation that is the subject of an
14 enforceable compliance agreement to be offered;

15 (3) strategies implemented to coordinate and
16 facilitate cooperation among FSIOs;

17 (4) the existing Federal and State laws, regula-
18 tions, or practices (including guidance materials, ex-
19 aminations, and enforcement proceedings and settle-
20 ments) that the Financial Stability Oversight Coun-
21 cil identifies as the most burdensome to innovation
22 that adversely affect competition in the financial
23 services industry, or that restrict improvements for
24 consumers of financial products or services; and

1 (5) an identification of the overlap or frag-
2 mentation of agency regulations of financial prod-
3 ucts or services and recommendations for reducing,
4 consolidating, or eliminating such overlap or frag-
5 mentation.