(Original Signature of Member)

^{117TH CONGRESS} **H. R.**7716

To help persons in the United States experiencing homelessness and significant behavioral health issues, including substance use disorders, by authorizing a grant program within the Department of Housing and Urban Development to assist State and local governments, Continuums of Care, community-based organizations that administer both health and homelessness services, and providers of services to people experiencing homelessness, better coordinate health care and homelessness services, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. DEAN introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on

A BILL

To help persons in the United States experiencing homelessness and significant behavioral health issues, including substance use disorders, by authorizing a grant program within the Department of Housing and Urban Development to assist State and local governments, Continuums of Care, community-based organizations that administer both health and homelessness services, and providers of services to people experiencing homelessness, better coordinate health care and homelessness services, and for other purposes. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Coordinating Sub-5 stance Use and Homelessness Care Act of 2022".

6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

7 Congress finds the following:

8 (1) The United States has a homelessness cri-9 sis, with more than 580,000 people experiencing 10 homelessness on a single night according to the De-11 partment of Housing and Urban Development's 12 2020 Annual Homeless Assessment Report to Con-13 gress.

(2) While the lack of affordable housing is the
primary driver of homelessness, behavioral health
conditions, including substance use disorders, can
exacerbate homelessness and can also be a consequence of homelessness.

(3) Research shows that people experiencing
homelessness have higher rates of substance use disorder than people with housing stability. Some people who experience homelessness use substances to
cope with the trauma and deprivations of their circumstances, but substance use disorders frequently

make it more difficult for people experiencing home lessness to secure permanent housing.

3 (4) Many individuals with substance use dis4 order who experience homelessness have co-occurring
5 illnesses. The combined effect of physical illness,
6 mental illness, and lack of housing results in higher
7 mortality rates for individuals experiencing home8 lessness.

9 (5) Safely and securely housing individuals who 10 are experiencing both homelessness and behavioral 11 health issues, including substance use disorders, 12 often requires supportive services and close coordina-13 tion between housing and social service providers, in 14 addition to low-barrier, affordable housing. Sub-15 sidized housing is critical, but not enough—access to 16 additional voluntary person-centered supportive serv-17 ices is needed.

18 (6) Nevertheless, it is imperative that when 19 people experiencing homelessness, including those 20 with a behavioral health condition such as substance 21 use disorder, choose to seek help that housing as 22 well as health care and person-centered supportive 23 services be coordinated, particularly given their 24 acute needs and the significant costs incurred by

communities for law enforcement, correctional, and
 emergency department care for failing to do so.

3 (7) Providing access to health care and vol4 untary person-centered supportive services can be
5 beneficial in securing and successfully maintaining
6 stable housing.

7 (8) Integration of health and homelessness serv-8 ices to achieve optimal outcomes for people experi-9 encing homelessness, significant behavioral health 10 conditions such as substance use disorder, and other 11 health conditions can be challenging for State and 12 local governments, continuums of care, and commu-13 nity-based organizations that administer both health 14 and homelessness services and providers of homeless-15 ness services.

16 (9) Capacity-building is needed to create sys17 tems-level linkages between the two sets of services
18 to allow for smoother pathways and simpler naviga19 tion.

(10) Black, Hispanic, and Indigenous people
are disproportionately underserved by person-centered supportive services. In order to address critical
services deficits and affirmatively serve protected
classes of people with significant behavioral health
conditions, including substance use disorders, who

 $\mathbf{5}$

1 are experiencing homelessness, the grant program 2 established under this Act can be used to build the capacities of homelessness services providers that 3 4 have demonstrated cultural competencies in service 5 provision and a record of serving Black, Hispanic, 6 and Indigenous people and other underserved popu-7 lations experiencing homelessness that also suffer 8 from substance use disorders.

9 SEC. 3. ESTABLISHMENT OF GRANT PROGRAM.

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Housing and 11 Urban Development (in this Act referred to as the "Sec-12 retary"), in consultation with the working group established pursuant to subsection (b), shall establish a grant 13 program to award competitive grants to eligible entities 14 15 to build or increase their capacities for the better coordination of health care and homelessness services for people 16 who are experiencing homelessness and significant behav-17 18 ioral health issues, including substance use disorders, and 19 are voluntarily seeking assistance.

20 (b) WORKING GROUP.—

(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish an interagency working group to provide advice to the Secretary in carrying out the program
under subsection (a). The working group shall include representatives from the Department of Hous-

ing and Urban Development, the United States
 Interagency Council on Homelessness, Department
 of Health and Human Services, Department of Agri culture, and Bureau of Indian Affairs, to be appointed by the heads of such agencies.

6 (2) DEVELOPMENT OF ASSISTANCE TOOLS.— 7 The working group shall, not later than 12 months 8 after the date of the enactment of this Act, develop 9 training, tools, and other technical assistance mate-10 rials that simplify homelessness services for pro-11 viders of health care and simplify health care serv-12 ices for providers of homelessness services by identi-13 fying the basic elements the health and homelessness 14 sectors need to understand about the other, and 15 shall circulate such materials to interested entities, 16 particularly those who apply for grants awarded pur-17 suant to this Act.

18 (c) CAPACITY-BUILDING GRANTS.—

19 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall award
20 5-year grants to eligible entities, which shall be used
21 only to build or increase their capacities to coordi22 nate health care and homelessness services.

(2) PROHIBITION.—None of the proceeds from
the grants awarded pursuant to this Act may be
used to pay for health care, with the exception of ef-

1	forts to increase the availability of Naloxone and
2	provide training for its administration, or rent.
3	(3) Amount.—The amount awarded to an enti-
4	ty under a grant under this subsection shall not ex-
5	ceed \$500,000.
6	(4) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible to receive a
7	grant under this subsection an entity shall—
8	(A) be—
9	(i) a governmental entity (at the coun-
10	ty, city, regional, or locality level);
11	(ii) an Indian tribe, a Tribally-des-
12	ignated housing entity, or a Tribal organi-
13	zation;
14	(iii) a public housing agency admin-
15	istering housing choice vouchers; or
16	(iv) a continuum of care or nonprofit
17	organization designated by the continuum
18	of care;
19	(B) be responsible for homelessness serv-
20	ices;
21	(C) provide such assurances as the Sec-
22	retary shall require that, in carrying out activi-
23	ties with amounts from the grant, the entity
24	will ensure that services are culturally com-
25	petent, meet the needs of the people being

1	served, and follow trauma-informed best prac-
2	tices to address those needs using a harm re-
3	duction approach; and
4	(D) demonstrate how its capacity to co-
5	ordinate health care and homelessness services
6	to better serve people experiencing homelessness
7	and significant behavioral health issues, includ-
8	ing substance use disorders, can be increased
9	through—
10	(i) the designation of a governmental
11	official as a coordinator for making con-
12	nections between health and homelessness
13	services and developing a strategy for
14	using those services in a holistic way to
15	help people experiencing homelessness and
16	behavioral health conditions such as sub-
17	stance use disorders, including those with
18	cooccurring conditions;
19	(ii) improvements in infrastructure at
20	the systems level;
21	(iii) improvements in technology for
22	voluntary remote monitoring capabilities,
23	including internet and video, which can
24	allow for more home- and community-
25	based behavioral health care services and

1	ensure such improvements maintain effec-
2	tive communication requirements for per-
3	sons with disabilities and program access
4	for persons with limited English pro-
5	ficiency;
6	(iv) improvements in connections to
7	health care services delivered by providers
8	experienced in behavioral health care and
9	people experiencing homelessness;
10	(v) efforts to increase the availability
11	of Naloxone and provide training for its
12	administration; and
13	(vi) any additional activities identified
14	by the Secretary that will advance the co-
15	ordination of homelessness assistance,
16	housing, and substance use services and
17	other health care services.
18	(5) ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES.—An eligible grantee
19	receiving a grant under this subsection may use the
20	grant to cover costs related to—
21	(A) hiring system coordinators; and
22	(B) administrative costs, including staffing
23	costs, technology costs, and other such costs
24	identified by the Secretary.

1	(6) DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.—An eligible
2	grantee receiving a grant under this subsection may
3	distribute all or a portion of the grant amounts to
4	private nonprofit organizations, other government
5	entities, public housing agencies, tribally designated
6	housing entities, or other entities as determined by
7	the Secretary to carry out programs and activities in
8	accordance with this section.
9	(7) Oversight requirements.—
10	(A) ANNUAL REPORTS.—Not later than 6
11	years after the date on which grant amounts
12	are first received by an eligible entity, such en-
13	tity shall submit to the Secretary a report on
14	the activities carried out under the grant. Such
15	report shall include, with respect to activities
16	carried out with grant amounts in the commu-
17	nity served—
18	(i) measures of outcomes relating to
19	whether people experiencing homelessness
20	and significant behavioral health issues, in-
21	cluding substance use disorders, who
22	sought help from an entity that received a
23	grant—

1	(I) were housed and did not ex-
2	perience intermittent periods of home-
3	lessness;
4	(II) were voluntarily enrolled in
5	treatment and recovery programs;
6	(III) experienced improvements
7	in their health;
8	(IV) obtained access to specific
9	primary care providers; and
10	(V) have health care plans that
11	meet their individual needs, including
12	access to mental health and substance
13	use disorder treatment and recovery
14	services;
15	(ii) how grant funds were used; and
16	(iii) any other matters determined ap-
17	propriate by the Secretary.
18	(B) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in
19	this subsection may be construed to condition
20	the receipt of future housing and other services
21	by individuals assisted with activities and serv-
22	ices provided with grant amounts on the out-
23	comes detailed in the reports submitted under
24	this subsection.
25	(8) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

1 (A) INDIAN TRIBE; TRIBAL ORGANIZA-2 TION.—The terms "Indian Tribe" and "Tribal 3 organization" have the meanings given such terms in section 4 of the Indian Self-Deter-4 5 mination and Education Assistance Act (25) 6 U.S.C. 5304) and shall include tribally des-7 ignated housing entities (as such term is de-8 fined in section 4 of the Native American Hous-9 ing Assistance and Self-Determination Act of 10 1996 (25 U.S.C. 4103)) and entities that serve 11 Native Hawaiians (as such term is defined in 12 section 338K(c) of the Public Health Service 13 Act (42 U.S.C. 254s(c))). 14 (B) PERSON EXPERIENCING HOMELESS-

14 (B) FERSON EXPERIENCING HOMELESS-15 NESS.—The term "person experiencing home-16 lessness" has the same meaning as the terms 17 "homeless", "homeless individual", and "home-18 less person" as those terms are defined in the 19 McKinney-Vento Act (42 U.S.C. 11302).

20 (C) SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER.—The
21 term "substance use disorder" means the dis22 order that occurs when the recurrent use of al23 cohol or drugs, or both, causes clinically signifi24 cant impairment, including health problems,

disability, and failure to meet major responsibil ities at work, school, or home.

3 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
4 authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section,
5 \$20,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2027,
6 of which not less than 5 percent of such funds shall be
7 awarded to Indian tribes and tribal organizations.