	(Original Signature of Member)
	TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H. R.
To a	amend the Fair Credit Reporting Act to fix the consumer report dispute process, to ban misleading and unfair consumer reporting practices, and for other purposes.
	IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
$\mathbf{M}_{_}$	introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on
	A BILL
	A DILL
То	amend the Fair Credit Reporting Act to fix the consumer report dispute process, to ban misleading and unfair consumer reporting practices, and for other purposes.
1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
4	(a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
5	"Improving Credit Reporting for All Consumers Act".
6	(b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
7	this Act is as follows:
	Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

- Sec. 2. Findings.
- Sec. 3. Effective date.
- Sec. 4. General Bureau rulemaking.

TITLE I—IMPROVEMENTS TO THE DISPUTE PROCESS

- Sec. 101. Dispute procedures and disclosures relating to reinvestigations.
- Sec. 102. Consumer awareness of dispute rights.
- Sec. 103. Maintenance of records by furnishers.
- Sec. 104. Duties of furnishers relating to dispute procedures, notices, and disclosures.
- Sec. 105. Right to appeal disputes relating to reinvestigations and investigations.
- Sec. 106. Revised consumer reports.
- Sec. 107. Indication of dispute by consumers and use of disputed information.
- Sec. 108. Accuracy and completeness report duties for consumer reporting agencies and furnishers.
- Sec. 109. Inclusion of public record data sources in consumer reports.
- Sec. 110. Injunctive relief for victims.

TITLE II—PROHIBITION ON MISLEADING AND UNFAIR CONSUMER REPORTING PRACTICES

- Sec. 201. Prohibition on automatic renewals for promotional consumer reporting and credit scoring products and services.
- Sec. 202. Prohibition on misleading and deceptive marketing related to the provision of consumer reporting and credit scoring products and services.
- Sec. 203. Prohibiton on excessive direct-to-consumer sales.
- Sec. 204. Fair access to consumer reporting and credit scoring disclosures for nonnative English speakers and the visually and hearing impaired.
- Sec. 205. Comparison shopping for loans without harm to credit standing.
- Sec. 206. Nationwide consumer reporting agencies registry.

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 2 Congress finds the following:
- 3 (1) General findings.—
- 4 (A) Consumer reporting agencies
- 5 ("CRAs") are companies that collect, compile,
- 6 and provide information about consumers in the
- 7 form of consumer reports for certain permis-
- 8 sible statutory purposes under the Fair Credit
- 9 Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.)
- 10 ("FCRA"). The three largest CRAs in this

1 Equifax, TransUnion, country are and 2 Experian. These CRAs are referred to as na-3 tionwide CRAs and the reports that they pre-4 pare are commonly referred to as credit reports. 5 Furnishers, such as creditors, lenders, and debt 6 collection agencies, voluntarily submit informa-7 tion to CRAs about their accounts such as the 8 total amount for each loan or credit limit for 9 each credit card and the consumer's payment 10 history on these products. Reports also include 11 identifying information about a consumer, such 12 as their birthdate, previous mailing addresses, 13 and current and previous employers. 14 (B) In a December 2012 paper, "Key Di-15 mensions and Processes in the U.S. Credit Re-16 porting System: A review for how the nation's 17 largest credit bureaus manage consumer data", 18 the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection ("Consumer Bureau") noted that the three na-19 20 tionwide CRAs maintain credit files on approxi-21 mately 200 million adults and receive informa-22 tion from about 10,000 furnishers. On a 23 monthly basis, these furnishers provide infor-24 mation on over 1.3 billion consumer credit ac-

25

counts or other trade lines.

1	(C) The 10 largest institutions furnishing
2	credit information to each of the nationwide
3	CRAs account for more than half of all ac-
4	counts reflected in consumers' credit files.
5	(D) Consumer reports play an increasingly
6	important role in the lives of American con-
7	sumers. Most creditors, for example, review
8	these reports to make decisions about whether
9	to extend credit to consumers and what terms
10	and conditions to offer them. As such, informa-
11	tion contained in these reports affects whether
12	a person is able to get a private education loan
13	to pay for college costs, to secure a mortgage
14	loan to buy a home, or to obtain a credit card,
15	as well as the terms and conditions under which
16	consumer credit products or services are offered
17	to them.
18	(E) Credit reports are also increasingly
19	used for many noncredit decisions, including by
20	landlords to determine whether to rent an
21	apartment to a prospective tenant and by em-
22	ployers to decide whether to hire potential job
23	applicants or to offer a promotion to existing
24	employees.

1	(F) CRAs have a statutory obligation to
2	verify independently the accuracy and complete-
3	ness of information included on the reports that
4	they provide.
5	(G) The nationwide CRAs have failed to
6	establish and follow reasonable procedures, as
7	required by existing law, to establish the max-
8	imum level of accuracy of information contained
9	on consumer reports. Given the repeated fail-
10	ures of these CRAs to comply with accuracy re-
11	quirements on their own, legislation is intended
12	to provide them with detailed guidance improv-
13	ing the accuracy and completeness of informa-
14	tion contained in consumer reports, including
15	procedures, policies, and practices that these
16	CRAs should already be following to ensure full
17	compliance with their existing obligations.
18	(H) The presence of inaccurate or incom-
19	plete information on these reports can result in
20	substantial financial and emotional harm to
21	consumers. Credit reporting errors can lead to
22	the loss of a new employment opportunity or a
23	denial of a promotion in an existing job, stop
24	someone from being able to access credit on fa-

1	vorable terms, prevent a person from obtaining
2	rental housing, or even trigger mental distress.
3	(I) Current industry practices impose an
4	unfair burden of proof on consumers trying to
5	fix errors on their reports.
6	(J) Consumer reports containing inac-
7	curate or incomplete credit information also un-
8	dermine the ability of creditors and lenders to
9	effectively and accurately underwrite and price
10	credit.
11	(K) Recognizing that credit reporting af-
12	fects the lives of almost all consumers in this
13	country and that the consequences of errors on
14	a consumer report can be catastrophic for a
15	consumer, the Consumer Bureau began accept-
16	ing consumer complaints about credit reporting
17	in October 2012.
18	(L) As of February 2017, the Consumer
19	Bureau has handled approximately 185,717
20	credit reporting complaints, making credit re-
21	porting consistently the third most-complained-
22	about subject matter on which the Consumer
23	Bureau accepts consumer complaints.
24	(M) In the "Monthly Complaint Report
25	Volume 20", released in February 2017, the

1	Consumer Bureau noted that 76 percent of
2	credit reporting complaints involved incorrect
3	information on reports, with consumers fre-
4	quently expressing their frustrations about the
5	burdensome and time-consuming process to dis-
6	puting items.
7	(N) Other common types of credit report-
8	ing complaints submitted to the Consumer Bu-
9	reau related to the improper use of a report,
10	trouble obtaining a report or credit score,
11	CRAs' investigations, and credit monitoring or
12	identity protection.
13	(O) In the summer 2015 "Supervisory
14	Highlights", the Consumer Bureau noted that
15	one or more of the largest CRAs failed to ade-
16	quately oversee furnishers to ensure that they
17	were adhering to the CRA's vetting policies and
18	to establish proper procedures to verify public
19	record information.
20	(P) According to the fall 2016 "Super-
21	visory Highlights", Consumer Bureau exam-
22	iners determined that one or more debt collec-
23	tors never investigated indirect disputes that
24	lacked detail or were not accompanied by at-

tachments with relevant information from the

1	consumer. Examiners also found that notifica-
2	tions sent to consumers about disputes consid-
3	ered frivolous failed to identify for the con-
4	sumers the type of material that they could pro-
5	vide in order for the debt collector to complete
6	the investigation of the disputed item.
7	(Q) A February 2014 Consumer Bureau
8	report titled "Credit Reporting Complaint
9	Snapshot" found that consumers are confused
10	about the extent to which the nationwide CRAs
11	are required to provide them with validation
12	and documentation of a debt that appears on
13	their credit report.
14	(R) As evidence that the current system
15	lacks sufficient market incentives for CRAs to
16	develop more robust procedures to increase the
17	accuracy and completeness of information on
18	credit reports, litigation discovery documented
19	by the National Consumer Law Center
20	("NCLC"), as part of a January 2009 report
21	titled, "Automated Injustice: How a Mecha-
22	nized Dispute System Frustrates Consumers
23	Seeking to Fix Errors in Their Credit Re-
24	ports", showed that at least two of the three

largest CRAs use quota systems to force em-

1	ployees to process disputes hastily and without
2	the opportunity for conducting meaningful in-
3	vestigations. At least one nationwide CRA only
4	allowed dispute resolution staff five minutes to
5	handle a consumer's call. Furthermore, these
6	CRAs were found to have awarded bonuses for
7	meeting quotas and punished those who didn't
8	meet production numbers with probation.
9	(S) Unlike most other business relation-
10	ships, where consumers can register their satis-
11	faction or unhappiness with a particular credit
12	product or service simply by taking their busi-
13	ness elsewhere, consumers have no say in
14	whether their information is included in the
15	CRAs databases and limited legal remedies to
16	hold the CRAs accountable for inaccuracies or
17	poor service.
18	(T) Accordingly, despite the existing statu-
19	tory mandate for CRAs to follow reasonable
20	procedures to assure the maximum possible ac-
21	curacy of the information whenever they pre-
22	pare consumer reports, numerous studies, the
23	high volume of consumer complaints submitted
24	to the Consumer Bureau about incorrect infor-

mation on consumer reports, and supervisory

1	activities by the Consumer Bureau demonstrate
2	that CRAs continue to skirt their obligations
3	under the law.
4	(2) Incorrect information on consumer
5	REPORTS.—
6	(A) Consumers are entitled to dispute er-
7	rors on their consumer reports with either the
8	CRA, who issued the report, or directly with
9	furnishers, who supplied the account informa-
10	tion to the CRA, and request that mistakes be
11	deleted or removed. Consumers, who believe an
12	investigation has not correctly resolved their
13	dispute, however, have few options, other than
14	requesting that a statement about the dispute
15	be included with their future reports.
16	(B) CRAs have a statutory obligation
17	under the FCRA to perform a reasonable inves-
18	tigation by conducting a substantive and
19	searching inquiry when a consumer disputes an
20	item on their report. In doing so, CRAs must
21	conduct an independent review about the accu-
22	racy of any disputed item and cannot merely
23	rely on a furnisher's "rubber-stamp"
24	verification of the integrity of the information
25	they have provided to CRAs.

1	(C) The Federal Trade Commission
2	("FTC"), in a "Report to Congress Under Sec-
3	tion 319 of the Fair and Accurate Credit
4	Transactions Act of 2003" released in Decem-
5	ber 2012, found that 26 percent of survey par-
6	ticipants identified at least one potentially ma-
7	terial error on their consumer reports, and 13
8	percent experienced a change in their credit
9	score once the error was fixed.
10	(D) Consumer Bureau examiners have
11	identified repeated deficiencies with the nation-
12	wide CRAs' information collection. In the sum-
13	mer 2015 "Supervisory Highlights" released in
14	June 2015, the Consumer Bureau noted contin-
15	ued weaknesses with CRAs' methods and proc-
16	esses for assuring maximum possible accuracy
17	in their reports. Examiners also found, with
18	certain exceptions, no quality control policies
19	and procedures in place to test consumer re-
20	ports for accuracy.
21	(E) In its "Credit Reporting Complaint
22	Snapshot" released in February 2014, the Con-
23	sumer Bureau found that consumers were un-
24	certain about the depth and validity of the in-
25	vestigations performed about a disputed item.

1	Consumers also expressed frustration that, even
2	though they provided supporting materials that
3	they believed demonstrated the inaccuracy of
4	the information provided by furnishers, errors
5	continued to remain on their reports.
6	(F) In the winter 2015 "Supervisory High-
7	lights" released in March 2015, the Consumer
8	Bureau reported that one or more nationwide
9	CRAs failed to adequately fulfill their dispute-
10	handling obligations, including by not for-
11	warding to furnishers all relevant information
12	found in letters and supporting documents sup-
13	plied by consumers when they submitted dis-
14	putes failing to notify consumers that they had
15	completed investigations, and not providing con-
16	sumers with the results of the CRAs' reviews
17	about their disputes.
18	(G) Consumer Bureau examiners also
19	noted in the fall 2016 "Supervisory Highlights"
20	released in October 2016 that one or more enti-
21	ties failed to provide adequate guidance and
22	training to staff about how to differentiate
23	FCRA disputes from general customer inquir-
24	ies, complaints, or debt validation requests.
25	Consumer Bureau supervisors also directed one

1 or more entities to develop and implement rea-2 sonable procedures to ensure that direct and in-3 direct disputes are appropriately logged, cat-4 egorized, and resolved. (H)5 Consumers' increasing frustration 6 about the difficulties of trying to fix credit re-7 porting errors, evidenced through the volume of 8 consumer complaints related to errors sub-9 mitted to the Consumer Bureau, are also 10 echoed in another FTC study issued in January 11 2015. In the "Report to Congress under Sec-12 tion 319 for the Fair and Accurate Credit Transactions Act of 2003", the FTC found that 13 14 nearly 70 percent (84 people) of participants 15 from a previous survey that had filed disputes with CRAs continued to believe that at least 16 17 some of the disputed information remained in-18 accurate at the time of the follow-up survey. 19 Despite these views, 50 percent (42 people) of 20 the survey participants decided to just give up 21 trying to fix the errors, with only 45 percent 22 (38 people) of them planning to continue to try 23 to resolve their disputes. 24 (I) The consistently high volume of con-25 sumer complaints submitted to the Consumer

1	Bureau about credit reporting errors, coupled
2	with the largest CRAs' repeated quality control
3	weaknesses found by Consumer Bureau exam-
4	iners, show that the nationwide CRAs have
5	failed to establish and follow reasonable proce-
6	dures to assure maximum accuracy of informa-
7	tion and to conduct independent investigations
8	of consumers' disputes. These ongoing problems
9	demonstrate the need for legislation to—
10	(i) enhance obligations on furnishers
11	to substantiate information and require
12	furnishers to keep records for the same
13	amount of time that adverse information
14	about these accounts may appear on a per-
15	son's consumer report;
16	(ii) eliminate CRAs' discretion to de-
17	termine the relevancy of materials provided
18	by consumers to support their dispute
19	claims by instead requiring them to pass
20	all material onto furnishers and elimi-
21	nating CRA's discretion to deem some dis-
22	putes frivolous or irrelevant when a con-
23	sumer resubmits a claim that they believe
24	has been inadequately resolved;

1	(iii) enhance educational content on
2	CRAs' websites to improve consumers' un-
3	derstanding of the dispute process and to
4	make it easier for all consumers to initiate
5	claims, including by providing these disclo-
6	sures in other languages besides English;
7	and
8	(iv) create a new consumer right to
9	appeal reviews by CRAs and furnishers of
10	the initial disputes.
11	(3) Injunctive relief.—
12	(A) Despite the fact that the FCRA cur-
13	rently provides implicit authority for injunctive
14	relief, consumers have been prevented from ex-
15	ercising this right. Legislation explicitly clari-
16	fying this right is intended to underscore con-
17	gressional intent that injunctive relief should be
18	viewed as a remedy available to consumers.
19	(B) Myriad findings by the courts, regu-
20	lators, consumers, and consumer advocates
21	make clear that CRAs have failed to establish
22	adequate standards for the accuracy and com-
23	pleteness of consumer reports, yet the nation-
24	wide CRAs have demonstrated little willingness

1	to voluntarily retool their policies and proce-
2	dures to fix the problems.
3	(C) Providing courts with explicit authority
4	to issue injunctive relief, by telling the CRAs to
5	remedy unlawful practices and procedures,
6	would further CRAs' mandate under the FCRA
7	to assure the maximum possible accuracy and
8	completeness of information contained on credit
9	reports.
10	(D) Absent explicit authority to issue in-
11	junctions, history suggests that the nationwide
12	CRAs are likely to continue conducting business
13	as usual in treating any monetary settlements
14	with individual consumers and fines imposed by
15	State attorneys general and Federal regulators,
16	simply as the "cost of doing business".
17	(4) Deceptive and misleading marketing
18	PRACTICES.—
19	(A) The Consumer Bureau's February
20	2015 report titled "Consumer Voices on Credit
21	Reports and Scores" found that some con-
22	sumers did not obtain a copy of their consumer
23	report due to concerns about security or of
24	being trapped into purchasing unwanted prod-

1	ucts like an additional report or a credit moni-
2	toring service.
3	(B) In January 2017, the Consumer Bu-
4	reau fined TransUnion and Equifax for decep-
5	tively marketing credit scores for purchase by
6	consumers as the same credit scores typically
7	used by lenders to determine creditworthiness
8	and for luring consumers into costly subscrip-
9	tion services that were advertised as "free" or
10	"\$1" that automatically charged recurring fees
11	unless cancelled by consumers. The Consumer
12	Bureau also found that Equifax was illegally
13	advertising its products on webpages that con-
14	sumers accessed through
15	AnnualCreditReport.com before consumers ob-
16	tained their free disclosures. Because of these
17	troubling practices, TransUnion was ordered to
18	pay \$13.9 million in restitution to harmed con-
19	sumers and a civil penalty of \$3 million to the
20	Consumer Bureau. Equifax was ordered to pay
21	more than \$3.7 million to affected consumers
22	as well as a civil money penalty of \$2.5 million
23	to the Consumer Bureau. As part of the con-
24	sent orders, the CRAs are also supposed to
25	change the way that they sell their products to

1	consumers. The CRAs must also obtain con-
2	sumers' express consent before enrolling them
3	into subscription services as well as make it
4	easer for consumers to cancel these programs.
5	(C) The Consumer Bureau fined the other
6	nationwide CRA—Experian—in March 2017
7	for deceiving consumers about the use of credit
8	scores that it marketed and sold to consumers
9	as credit scores that were used by lenders and
10	for illegally advertising its products on web
11	pages that consumers accessed through
12	AnnualCreditReport.com before they obtained
13	their free annual disclosures. Experian was or-
14	dered to pay more than \$3.7 million in restitu-
15	tion to harmed consumers and a civil monetary
16	penalty of \$2.5 million to the Consumer Bu-
17	reau.
18	(D) The Consumer Bureau's January and
19	March 2017 consent orders with the three na-
20	tionwide CRAs show that these CRAs have en-
21	ticed consumers into purchasing products and
22	services that they may not want or need, in
23	some instances by advertising products or serv-
24	ices "free" that automatically converted into an
25	ongoing subscription service at the regular price

1	unless cancelled by the consumer. Although
2	these CRAs must now change their deceptive
3	marketing practices, codifying these duties is an
4	appropriate way to ensure that these companies
5	never revert back to such misleading tactics.
6	(E) Given the ubiquitous use of consumer
7	reports in consumers' lives and the fact that
8	consumers' participation in the credit reporting
9	system is involuntary, CRAs should also
10	prioritize providing consumers with the effective
11	means to safeguard their personal and financial
12	information and improve their credit standing,
13	rather than seeking to exploit consumers' con-
14	cerns and confusion about credit reporting and
15	scoring, to boost their companies' profits.
16	(F) Vulnerable consumers, who have legiti-
17	mate concerns about the security of their per-
18	sonal and financial information, deserve clear,
19	accurate, and transparent information about
20	the credit reporting tools that may be available
21	to them, such as fraud alerts and freezes.
22	SEC. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE.
23	The amendments made by this Act shall take effect
24	2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 4. GENERAL BUREAU RULEMAKING. 2 Except as otherwise provided, not later than the end 3 of the 2-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, the Bureau of Consumer Financial Pro-4 5 tection shall issue final rules to implement the amendments made by this Act. 6 TITLE I—IMPROVEMENTS TO 7 THE DISPUTE PROCESS 8 SEC. 101. DISPUTE PROCEDURES AND DISCLOSURES RE-9 10 LATING TO REINVESTIGATIONS. 11 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 611(a) of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681i(a)) is amended to read as follows: 13 14 "(a) Reinvestigations of Disputed Informa-TION BY A CONSUMER REPORTING AGENCY.— 15 16 "(1) Reinvestigations required.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection 17 18 (f), if the completeness or accuracy of any item 19 of information contained in a consumer's file at 20 a consumer reporting agency is disputed by the 21 consumer and the consumer notifies the agency 22 (either directly or indirectly through a reseller 23 or an authorized third party) of such dispute, 24 the agency shall, free of charge— "(i) conduct a reasonable reinvestiga-25 26 tion using the process described in para-

1	graph (3) to determine whether the dis-
2	puted information is inaccurate, incom-
3	plete, or cannot be verified;
4	"(ii) notify the consumer that a nota-
5	tion described in section 605(e) will be
6	added to the consumer's file until the re-
7	investigation has been completed and that
8	such notation can be removed at the re-
9	quest of the consumer; and
10	"(iii) before the end of the 30-day pe-
11	riod beginning on the date on which the
12	consumer reporting agency receives the no-
13	tice of the dispute from the consumer or
14	the reseller—
15	"(I) record the current status of
16	the disputed information; or
17	"(II) delete or modify the item in
18	accordance with paragraph (3)(D).
19	"(B) Extension of Period to Reinves-
20	TIGATE.—Except as provided in subparagraph
21	(C), the 30-day period described in subpara-
22	graph (A) may be extended for period not to ex-
23	ceed 15 days if the consumer reporting agency
24	receives additional information from the con-
25	sumer or the reseller regarding the dispute

1	after the date on which the consumer reporting
2	agency notified any person who provided any
3	item of information in dispute under paragraph
4	(2)(A).
5	"(C) Limitations on extension of Pe-
6	RIOD TO REINVESTIGATE.—Subparagraph (B)
7	shall not apply to any reinvestigation in which,
8	during the 30-day period described in subpara-
9	graph (A), the disputed information is found to
10	be inaccurate or incomplete, or the consumer
11	reporting agency determines that the disputed
12	information cannot be verified.
13	"(2) Prompt notice of dispute to fur-
14	NISHER OF INFORMATION; PROVISION OF INFORMA-
15	TION REGARDING DISPUTE PROVIDED BY THE CON-
16	SUMER OR RESELLER.—
17	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Before the end of the
18	period of 5 business days beginning on the date
19	on which a consumer reporting agency receives
20	notice of a dispute from any consumer or re-
21	seller under paragraph (1)(A), the consumer re-
22	porting agency shall provide notification of the
23	dispute to any person who provided any item of
24	information in dispute, at the address and in
25	the manner established with such person. The

1	notice shall include all information, including
2	substantiating documents, regarding the dispute
3	that was submitted to the consumer reporting
4	agency.
5	"(B) Provision of additional informa-
6	TION REGARDING DISPUTE AFTER NOTIFICA-
7	TION TO THE FURNISHER OF INFORMATION.—
8	If a consumer reporting agency receives addi-
9	tional information regarding the dispute from
10	the consumer or reseller after the agency pro-
11	vides the notification described under subpara-
12	graph (A) and before the end of the 30-day pe-
13	riod described in paragraph (1)(A), the con-
14	sumer reporting agency shall, not later than 3
15	business days after receiving such information,
16	provide such information to the person who pro-
17	vided the information in dispute.
18	"(3) Reasonable standards for consumer
19	REPORTING AGENCIES FOR CONDUCTING REINVES-
20	TIGATIONS AND RESOLVING DISPUTES SUBMITTED
21	BY CONSUMERS.—
22	"(A) In General.—In conducting a re-
23	investigation of disputed information, a con-
24	sumer reporting agency shall, at a minimum—

1	"(i) maintain sufficient resources and
2	trained staff, commensurate with the vol-
3	ume and complexity of disputes received or
4	reasonably anticipated to be received, to
5	determine whether the disputed informa-
6	tion is accurate, complete, or can be
7	verified by the person who provided the in-
8	formation;
9	"(ii) ensure that all staff involved at
10	any level of the reinvestigation process, in-
11	cluding any individual with ultimate au-
12	thority over determining whether the dis-
13	puted information is inaccurate, incom-
14	plete, or cannot be verified, are located
15	within the United States;
16	"(iii) verify that the personally identi-
17	fiable information of the consumer submit-
18	ting the dispute matches the personally
19	identifiable information contained in the
20	consumer's file, and that such information
21	is accurate and complete;
22	"(iv) verify that the consumer report-
23	ing agency has a record of the information
24	being disputed; and

1	"(v) conduct a reasonable review that
2	considers all information, including sub-
3	stantiating documents, provided by the
4	consumer or reseller.
5	"(B) Consumer reporting.—The con-
6	sumer reporting agency shall not impose any
7	limitation or otherwise impede the ability of a
8	consumer to submit information about the dis-
9	puted item.
10	"(C) Independent analysis.—The re-
11	investigation conducted under subparagraph
12	(A) shall be an independent analysis, separate
13	from any investigation by a reseller or a person
14	who provided the disputed information.
15	"(D) DELETION OR MODIFICATION OF IN-
16	FORMATION CONTAINED IN A CONSUMER
17	FILE.—If the disputed information is found to
18	be inaccurate, incomplete, or cannot be verified,
19	the dispute resolution staff of the consumer re-
20	porting agency shall have the direct authority to
21	delete or modify such information in the con-
22	sumer's file, as appropriate, during the 30-day
23	period described in paragraph (1)(A), shall
24	promptly notify the consumer of the results of
25	the reinvestigation as described in paragraph

1	(4), and shall promptly notify any person who
2	provided such information to the consumer re-
3	porting agency of the modification or deletion
4	made to the consumer's file.
5	"(4) Notice to consumer of results of
6	REINVESTIGATION.—
7	"(A) In general.—Not later than 5 busi-
8	ness days after the conclusion of a reinvestiga-
9	tion conducted under this subsection, the con-
10	sumer reporting agency shall provide written
11	notice to the consumer of the results of the re-
12	investigation by postal mail or, if authorized by
13	the consumer for that purpose, by other means
14	available to the agency.
15	"(B) Contents of notice to consumer
16	OF RESULTS OF REINVESTIGATION.—The notice
17	described in subparagraph (A) shall include—
18	"(i) a statement that the reinvestiga-
19	tion of the disputed information has been
20	completed;
21	"(ii) a statement informing the con-
22	sumer as to whether the disputed informa-
23	tion was determined to be inaccurate, in-
24	complete, or unverifiable, including a state-

1 ment of the specific reasons suppo	rting the
2 determination;	
3 "(iii) if information in the co	nsumer's
4 file has been deleted or modified	as a re-
5 sult of the reinvestigation—	
6 "(I) a copy of the cons	umer re-
7 port and credit score or ed	ucational
8 score (if applicable) that	is based
9 upon the consumer's revised f	ile;
10 "(II) a statement identif	fying the
specific information from t	the con-
12 sumer's file that was deleted	or modi-
fied because such information	was de-
termined to be inaccurate, inc	complete,
or unverifiable by the consu	amer re-
porting agency;	
17 "(III) a statement that	the con-
sumer has the right, free of c	harge, to
obtain an additional consume	er report
and credit score or education	nal credit
score (if applicable) within	the 12-
22 month period following the da	ite of the
conclusion of the reinvestiga	ition, re-
gardless of whether the consu	umer ob-
25 tained or will obtain a free	annual

1	consumer report and credit score or
2	educational score (if applicable) under
3	section 612; and
4	"(IV) a statement that the con-
5	sumer has the right, free of charge, to
6	request under subsection (d) that the
7	consumer reporting agency furnish
8	notifications of the consumer's revised
9	report;
10	"(iv) a description of the procedure
11	used by the dispute resolution staff of the
12	consumer reporting agency to determine
13	the accuracy or completeness of the infor-
14	mation, including the business name, mail-
15	ing address, telephone number, and Inter-
16	net website address (if available) of any
17	person who provided information who was
18	contacted by the staff in connection with
19	the determination;
20	"(v) a statement that the consumer
21	has the right, free of charge, to add a nar-
22	rative statement to the consumer's file dis-
23	puting the accuracy or completeness of the
24	information, regardless of the results of
25	the reinvestigation by the agency, and the

1	process for submitting such a narrative
2	pursuant to subsection (b);
3	"(vi) a copy of all information relating
4	to the consumer that was used by the con-
5	sumer reporting agency in carrying out the
6	reinvestigation and relied upon as the basis
7	for the determination about the accuracy
8	and completeness of the disputed informa-
9	tion;
10	"(vii) a statement that a consumer
11	may, free of charge, challenge the results
12	of the reinvestigation by appeal within 120
13	days after the date the notice of the results
14	of the reinvestigation was provided to the
15	consumer and the process for submitting
16	an appeal;
17	"(viii) a statement informing the con-
18	sumer that a notation described in section
19	605(e) will be added to the file of the con-
20	sumer during the period in which the con-
21	sumer appeals the results of a reinvestiga-
22	tion and that such notation can be re-
23	moved at the request of the consumer; and
24	"(ix) any other information, as deter-
25	mined by the Bureau.

1	"(5) Requirements relating to reinser-
2	TION OF PREVIOUSLY DELETED OR MODIFIED MATE-
3	RIAL.—
4	"(A) CERTIFICATION OF NEW DETERMINA-
5	TION THAT ITEM IS ACCURATE OR COM-
6	PLETE.—A consumer reporting agency may not
7	reinsert into a consumer's file any information
8	that was previously deleted or modified pursu-
9	ant to paragraph (3)(D), unless the person who
10	provided the information—
11	"(i) requests that the consumer re-
12	porting agency reinsert such information;
13	"(ii) submits a written certification
14	that the information is accurate and com-
15	plete; and
16	"(iii) provides a statement describing
17	the specific reasons why the information
18	should be inserted.
19	"(B) Notice to consumer before re-
20	INSERTION CAN OCCUR.—Upon receipt of a re-
21	quest for reinsertion of disputed information
22	under subparagraph (A), the consumer report-
23	ing agency shall, not later than 5 business days
24	before the consumer reporting agency reinserts
25	the information into the consumer's file, notify

1	the consumer in writing of such request for re-
2	insertion. Such notice shall include—
3	"(i) the business name, mailing ad-
4	dress, telephone number, and Internet
5	website address (if available) of any person
6	who provided information to or contacted
7	the consumer reporting agency in connec-
8	tion with the reinsertion;
9	"(ii) a copy of the information relat-
10	ing to the consumer, the certification that
11	the information is accurate or complete,
12	and the statement of the reasons sup-
13	porting reinsertion provided by the person
14	who provided the information to the con-
15	sumer reporting agency under subpara-
16	graph (A);
17	"(iii) a statement that the consumer
18	may obtain, free of charge and within the
19	12-month period following the date the no-
20	tice under this subparagraph was issued, a
21	consumer report and credit score or edu-
22	cational score (if applicable) from the con-
23	sumer reporting agency that includes the
24	reinserted information, regardless of
25	whether the consumer obtained or will ob-

1	tain a free annual consumer report and
2	credit score or educational credit score (if
3	applicable) under section 612;
4	"(iv) a statement that the consumer
5	may appeal the determination that the pre-
6	viously deleted or modified information is
7	accurate or complete and a description of
8	the procedure for the consumer to make
9	such an appeal pursuant to subsection (h);
10	and
11	"(v) a statement that the consumer
12	has the right to add a narrative statement,
13	free of charge, to the consumer's file dis-
14	puting the accuracy or completeness of the
15	disputed information and a description of
16	the process to add such a narrative state-
17	ment pursuant to subsection (b).
18	"(6) Expedited dispute resolution.—If a
19	consumer reporting agency determines that the in-
20	formation provided by the consumer is sufficient to
21	substantiate that the item of information is inac-
22	curate, incomplete, or cannot be verified by the per-
23	son who furnished such information, and the con-
24	sumer reporting agency deletes or modifies such in-
25	formation within 3 business days of receiving notice

1	of the dispute, the consumer reporting agency shall
2	be exempt from the requirements of paragraph (4),
3	if the consumer reporting agency provides to the
4	consumer—
5	"(A) prompt notice confirming the deletion
6	or modification of the information from the con-
7	sumer's file in writing or by other means, if
8	agreed to by the consumer when the informa-
9	tion is disputed;
10	"(B) a statement of the consumer's right
11	to request that the consumer reporting agency
12	furnish notifications of a revised consumer re-
13	port pursuant to subsection (d);
14	"(C) not later than 5 business days after
15	deleting or modifying the information, a copy of
16	the consumer report and credit score or edu-
17	cational score (if applicable) that is based upon
18	the consumer's revised file; and
19	"(D) a statement that the consumer may
20	obtain, free of charge and within the 12-month
21	period following the date the notice under this
22	paragraph was sent to the consumer, a con-
23	sumer report and credit score or educational
24	score (if applicable) from the consumer report-
25	ing agency, regardless of whether the consumer

1	obtained or will obtain their free annual con-
2	sumer report and credit score or educational
3	score (if applicable) under section 612.
4	"(7) No excuse for failure to conduct
5	REINVESTIGATION.—A consumer reporting agency
6	may not refuse to conduct a reinvestigation under
7	this subsection because the agency determines that
8	the dispute was submitted by an authorized third
9	party, unless the agency has clear and convincing
10	evidence that the third party is not authorized to
11	submit the dispute on the consumer's behalf. If the
12	consumer reporting agency refuses to reinvestigate a
13	dispute for these reasons, it shall provide a clear and
14	conspicuous notice to the consumer explaining the
15	reasons for the refusal and describing the specific in-
16	formation the consumer is required to provide for
17	the agency to conduct the reinvestigation.".
18	(b) Ensuring Consumer Reporting Agencies
19	FURNISH CERTAIN NOTIFICATIONS WITHOUT CHARGE.—
20	Section 611(d) of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15
21	U.S.C. 1681i(d)) is amended by inserting "and without
22	charge" after "request of the consumer".
23	(c) Including Specialty Consumer Reporting
24	AGENCIES IN REPORTS.—

1	(1) In general.—Section 611(e) of the Fair
2	Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681i(e)) is
3	amended by inserting "or 603(x)" after "section
4	603(p)".
5	(2) Technical amendment.—Paragraph (1)
6	of such section (15 U.S.C. 1681i(e)(1)) is amended
7	by striking "The Commission" and inserting "The
8	Bureau".
9	(d) Conforming Amendments.—Such Act is fur-
10	ther amended—
11	(1) in section 605B(c)(2), by striking "section
12	611(a)(5)(B)" and inserting "section $611(a)(5)$ ";
13	(2) in section 611—
14	(A) in subsection (c), by striking "unless
15	there is reasonable grounds to believe that it is
16	frivolous or irrevelant,"; and
17	(B) in subsection (f)(3)—
18	(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking
19	"paragraph (6), (7), or (8) of subsection
20	(a)" and inserting "paragraph (4) or (5) of
21	subsection (a)"; and
22	(ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking
22	
23	"in the manner required under paragraph

1	(3) in section 623(b)(1)(B), by striking "rel-
2	evant" before "information".
3	(e) Global Technical Corrections to Ref-
4	ERENCES TO NATIONWIDE SPECIALTY CONSUMER RE-
5	PORTING AGENCY.—Such Act is further amended—
6	(1) by striking "section 603(w)" and inserting
7	"section 603(x)" each place such term appears; and
8	(2) in section 612(a)(1)(A), by striking "(w)"
9	and inserting "(x)".
10	SEC. 102. CONSUMER AWARENESS OF DISPUTE RIGHTS.
11	Section 611 of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15
12	U.S.C. 1681i) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
13	lowing new subsection:
14	"(h) Increased Consumer Awareness of Dis-
15	PUTE RIGHTS.—
16	"(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days
17	after the date of enactment of this subsection, each
18	consumer reporting agency described under sub-
19	section (p) or (x) of section 603 shall—
20	"(A) establish an Internet website acces-
21	sible to consumers; and
22	"(B) post on the home page of such
23	website a hyperlink to a separate webpage es-
24	tablished and maintained solely for the purpose
25	of providing information to a consumer about

1	how to dispute an item of information in the
2	consumer report of the consumer.
3	"(2) Dispute webpage requirements.—For
4	a consumer reporting agency described under sub-
5	section (p) or (x) of section 603, the separate dis-
6	pute webpage described in paragraph (1)(B)—
7	"(A) may not include any type or form of
8	marketing, advertising, information, or material
9	associated with any products or services offered
10	or sold to consumers;
11	"(B) shall clearly and conspicuously dis-
12	close a concise statement regarding how to file
13	a dispute through the agency, free of charge, in
14	the manner and format prescribed by the Bu-
15	reau;
16	"(C) shall describe the types of documents
17	that will be used by the agency in resolving the
18	dispute, including the business name and mail-
19	ing address to which a consumer may send such
20	documents;
21	"(D) shall include a clear and concise ex-
22	planation of and the process for using electronic
23	or other means to submit such documents, free
24	of charge, and without any character or data
25	limitation imposed by the agency;

1	"(E) shall include a statement that the
2	consumer may submit information, free of
3	charge, that the consumer believes will assist
4	the consumer reporting agency in determining
5	the results of the reinvestigation of the dispute;
6	"(F) shall clearly and conspicuously dis-
7	close a statement describing the procedure like-
8	ly to be used by the consumer reporting agency
9	in carrying out a reinvestigation to determine
10	the accuracy or completeness of the disputed
11	item of information, including the time period
12	in which the consumer will be notified of the re-
13	sults of the reinvestigation, and a statement
14	that the agency may extend the reinvestigation
15	period by an additional 15 days if the consumer
16	submits additional information after a certain
17	date; and
18	"(G) shall provide translations of all infor-
19	mation on the webpage in each of the 10 most
20	commonly spoken languages, other than
21	English, in the United States, as determined by
22	the Bureau of the Census on an ongoing basis,
23	and in formats accessible to individuals with
24	hearing or vision impairments.".

1 SEC. 103. MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS BY FURNISHERS.

- 2 Section 623 of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15
- 3 U.S.C. 1681s-2) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 4 lowing new subsection:
- 5 "(f) Duty of Furnishers To Maintain Records
- 6 of Consumers.—
- 7 "(1) IN GENERAL.—A person who furnishes in-8 formation to a consumer reporting agency relating
- 9 to a consumer who has an account with that person
- shall maintain all information necessary to substan-
- tiate the accuracy and completeness of the informa-
- tion furnished, including any records establishing the
- liability and terms and conditions under which credit
- 14 was extended to a consumer and any payment his-
- tory with respect to such credit.
- 16 "(2) Retention Period.—Records described
- under paragraph (1) shall be maintained until the
- information with respect to which the records relate
- may no longer be included in a consumer report pur-
- suant to sections 605.
- 21 "(3) Transfer of ownership.—If a person
- providing information to a consumer reporting agen-
- 23 cy is acquired by another person, or if another per-
- son acquires the right to repayment connected to
- such information, the acquiring person shall be sub-
- ject to the requirements of this subsection with re-

1	spect to such information to the same extent as the
2	person who initially provided such information to the
3	consumer reporting agency. The person selling or
4	transferring the right to repayment shall provide the
5	information described in paragraph (1) to the trans-
6	feree or the acquirer.".
7	SEC. 104. DUTIES OF FURNISHERS RELATING TO DISPUTE
8	PROCEDURES, NOTICES, AND DISCLOSURES.
9	(a) Duty To Provide Accurate and Complete
10	Information.—Section 623(a) of the Fair Credit Re-
11	porting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681s–2(a)) is amended—
12	(1) in the subsection heading, by inserting
13	"AND COMPLETE" after "ACCURATE";
14	(2) in paragraph (1)—
15	(A) by inserting "or incomplete" after "in-
16	accurate" each place that term appears; and
17	(B) in subparagraph (D), by inserting "or
18	completeness" after "accuracy"; and
19	(3) in paragraph (8)—
20	(A) in subparagraph (A), by inserting
21	"and completeness" after "accuracy"; and
22	(B) in subparagraph (D), by inserting "or
23	completeness" after "accuracy".

1	(b) Negative Information Notices to Con-
2	SUMERS.—Section 623(a)(7) (15 U.S.C. 1681s–2(a)(7))
3	of such Act is amended to read as follows:
4	"(7) Duty of furnishers to inform con-
5	SUMERS ABOUT REPORTING NEGATIVE INFORMA-
6	TION.—
7	"(A) GENERAL NEGATIVE INFORMATION
8	WARNING NOTICE TO ALL CONSUMERS PRIOR
9	TO FURNISHING SUCH INFORMATION.—
10	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Any person that
11	regularly furnishes negative information to
12	a consumer reporting agency described in
13	subsection (p) or (x) of section 603 about
14	activity on any accounts of a consumer
15	held by such person or transactions associ-
16	ated with credit extended to a consumer by
17	such person shall provide a written general
18	negative information warning notice to
19	each such consumer before such person
20	may furnish any negative information re-
21	lating to such a consumer.
22	"(ii) Content.—Such notice shall—
23	"(I) be clear and conspicuous;

1	"(II) describe the types of activi-
2	ties that constitute negative informa-
3	tion;
4	"(III) inform the consumer that
5	the person may report negative infor-
6	mation relating to any such accounts
7	or transactions to a consumer report-
8	ing agency described in subsection (p)
9	or (x) of section 603;
10	"(IV) state that the negative in-
11	formation may appear on a consumer
12	report of the consumer for the periods
13	described in section 605 and that dur-
14	ing such periods, the negative infor-
15	mation may adversely impact the con-
16	sumer's credit score;
17	"(V) state that in some limited
18	circumstances, the negative informa-
19	tion may result in other adverse ac-
20	tions, including a denial of a new job
21	or a promotion from existing employ-
22	ment; and
23	"(VI) state that the consumer
24	has right to—

1	"(aa) obtain a copy of their
2	consumer report and credit score
3	or educational score (if applica-
4	ble), which in some instances can
5	be obtained free of charge, from
6	any consumer reporting agency
7	to which negative information
8	may be been sent; and
9	"(bb) dispute, free of
10	charge, any errors on a consumer
11	report relating to the consumer.
12	"(iii) Timing of notice.—Such per-
13	son shall provide such notice to a consumer
14	not later than 90 days before the date on
15	which the person furnishes negative infor-
16	mation relating to such consumer.
17	"(B) Specific negative information
18	NOTICE TO A CONSUMER.—
19	"(i) In general.—Any person de-
20	scribed in subparagraph (A) that has fur-
21	nished negative information relating to ac-
22	tivity on any accounts of a consumer held
23	by such person or transactions associated
24	with credit extended to a consumer by such
25	person to a consumer reporting agency de-

1	scribed in subsection (p) or (x) of section
2	603 shall send a written notice to each
3	such consumer.
4	"(ii) Content.—Such notice shall—
5	"(I) be clear and conspicuous;
6	"(II) inform the consumer that
7	the person has furnished negative in-
8	formation relating to such accounts or
9	transactions to a consumer reporting
10	agency described in subsection (p) or
11	(x) of section 603;
12	"(III) identify any consumer re-
13	porting agency to which the negative
14	information was furnished, including
15	the name of the agency, mailing ad-
16	dress, Internet website address, and
17	toll-free telephone number; and
18	"(IV) include the statements de-
19	scribed in subclauses (IV), (V), and
20	(VI) of subparagraph (A)(ii).
21	"(iii) Time of notice.—Such person
22	shall provide such notice to a consumer not
23	later than 5 business days after the date
24	on which the person furnished negative in-
25	formation relating to such consumer.

1	"(C) Notice effective for subse-
2	QUENT SUBMISSIONS.—After providing the no-
3	tice described in subparagraph (B), the person
4	may submit additional negative information to
5	a consumer reporting agency described in sub-
6	section (p) or (x) of section 603 without pro-
7	viding additional notice to the consumer, unless
8	another person acquires the right to repayment
9	connected to the additional negative informa-
10	tion. The acquiring person shall be subject to
11	the requirements of this paragraph and shall be
12	required to send consumers the written notices
13	described in this paragraph, if applicable.
14	"(D) Non-traditional data fur-
15	NISHERS.—Any person that furnishes negative
16	information to a consumer reporting agency de-
17	scribed in subsection (p) or (x) of section 603
18	relating to any accounts of, or transactions as-
19	sociated with, a consumer by such person in-
20	volving non-traditional data shall be subject to
21	the requirements described in subparagraphs
22	(A), (B), and (C).
23	"(E) Model notices.—
24	"(i) Duty of Bureau.—Not later
25	than 6 months after date of the enactment

1	of this paragraph, the Bureau shall issue
2	model forms for the notices described in
3	subparagraphs (A) and (B) that a person
4	may use to comply with the requirements
5	of this paragraph.
6	"(ii) Use of model notice not re-
7	QUIRED.—No provision of this paragraph
8	may be construed to require a person to
9	use the model notices prescribed by the
10	Bureau.
11	"(iii) Compliance using model no-
12	TICES.—A person shall be deemed to be in
13	compliance with the requirements of sub-
14	paragraph (A)(ii) or (B)(ii) (as applicable)
15	if the person uses the model notice pre-
16	scribed by the Bureau.
17	"(F) Issuance of general negative
18	WARNING NOTICE WITHOUT SUBMITTING NEGA-
19	TIVE INFORMATION.—No provision of this para-
20	graph may be construed to require a person de-
21	scribed in subparagraph (A) or (D) to furnish
22	negative information about a consumer to a
23	consumer reporting agency described in sub-
24	section (p) or (x) of section 603.

1	"(G) Safe Harbor.—A person shall not
2	be liable for failure to perform the duties re-
3	quired by this paragraph if the person reason-
4	ably believes that the person is prohibited, by
5	law, from contacting the consumer.
6	"(H) Effective date.—The require-
7	ments of subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (D)
8	shall not take effect until the date that is 6
9	months after the date of the issuance of model
10	forms for notices under subparagraph (E).
11	"(I) Definitions.—In this paragraph, the
12	following definitions shall apply:
13	"(i) Negative information.—The
14	term 'negative information' means infor-
15	mation concerning a consumer's delin-
16	quencies, late payments, insolvency, or any
17	form of default.
18	"(ii) Non-traditional data.—The
19	term 'non-traditional data' relates to tele-
20	communications payments, utility pay-
21	ments, rent payments, remittances, wire
22	transfers, and such other items as deter-
23	mined by the Bureau.".
24	(c) Duties of Furnishers After Receiving No-
25	TICE OF DISPUTE FROM A CONSUMER.—Section

1	623(a)(8)(E) of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C.
2	1681s-2(a)(8)(E)) is amended to read as follows:
3	"(E) Duties of furnishers after re-
4	CEIVING NOTICE OF DISPUTE FROM A CON-
5	SUMER.—After receiving a notice of dispute
6	from a consumer pursuant to subparagraph
7	(D), the person that provided the information
8	in dispute to a consumer reporting agency
9	shall—
10	"(i) promptly provide to each con-
11	sumer reporting agency to which the per-
12	son furnished the disputed information the
13	notice of dispute;
14	"(ii) review all information, including
15	any substantiating documents, provided by
16	the consumer about the disputed informa-
17	tion and conduct an investigation, separate
18	from any reinvestigation by a consumer re-
19	porting agency or a reseller conducted with
20	respect to the disputed information;
21	"(iii) before the expiration of the pe-
22	riod under section 611(a)(1) within which
23	a consumer reporting agency would be re-
24	quired to complete its action if the con-
25	sumer had elected to dispute the informa-

1	tion under that section, complete an inves-
2	tigation of the disputed information pursu-
3	ant to the standards described in subpara-
4	graph (G);
5	"(iv) notify the consumer, in writing,
6	of the receipt of the dispute that in-
7	cludes—
8	"(I) a statement about any infor-
9	mation additional to the information
10	that the person is required to main-
11	tain under subsection (f) that would
12	support the person's ability to carry
13	out an investigation to resolve the
14	consumer's dispute; and
15	"(II) a statement that the con-
16	sumer reporting agency to which the
17	disputed information was provided will
18	include a notation described in section
19	605(e) in the consumer's file until the
20	investigation has been completed, and
21	information about how a consumer
22	may request that such notation is re-
23	moved by the agency;
24	"(v) if the investigation determines
25	the disputed information is inaccurate, in-

1	complete, or unverifiable, promptly notify
2	each consumer reporting agency to which
3	the person furnished such information in
4	accordance with paragraph (2); and
5	"(vi) notify the consumer of the re-
6	sults of the investigation, in writing, in ac-
7	cordance with subparagraph (H).".
8	(d) Eliminating Furnishers' Authority To Dis-
9	MISS DISPUTES AS FRIVOLOUS OR IRRELEVANT.—Section
10	623(a)(8) of such Act (15 U.S.C. 1681s–2(a)(8)) is
11	amended by striking subparagraph (F) and redesignating
12	subparagraph (G) as subparagraph (F).
13	(e) Additional Duties.—Section 623(a)(8) of such
14	Act (15 U.S.C. 1681s–2(a)(8)) is further amended by add-
15	ing at the end the following new subparagraphs:
16	"(G) Reasonable standards for fur-
17	NISHERS FOR CONDUCTING INVESTIGATIONS
18	AND RESOLVING DISPUTES SUBMITTED BY CON-
19	SUMERS.—In any investigation conducted by a
20	person who furnishes information to a con-
21	sumer reporting agency of an item of informa-
22	tion being disputed by a consumer, the person,
23	at a minimum—
24	"(i) shall maintain sufficient resources
25	and trained staff, commensurate with the

1	volume and complexity of disputes received
2	or reasonably anticipated to be received, to
3	conduct investigations;
4	"(ii) shall verify that the person has a
5	record of the particular information being
6	disputed, consistent with the requirements
7	of subsection (f);
8	"(iii) shall verify that the personally
9	identifiable information of the consumer
10	submitting the dispute matches the person-
11	ally identifiable information contained on
12	such records;
13	"(iv) shall conduct a reasonable re-
14	view to determine whether the disputed in-
15	formation is accurate, complete, and can
16	be verified that considers all the informa-
17	tion, including any substantiating docu-
18	ments, provided by the consumer about the
19	disputed information;
20	"(v) shall ensure that the investiga-
21	tion is an independent analysis that is sep-
22	arate from any reinvestigation by a con-
23	sumer reporting agency or a reseller con-
24	ducted with respect to the disputed infor-
25	mation; and

1	"(vi) may not impose any limitations
2	or otherwise impede the ability of a con-
3	sumer to submit information, including
4	any substantiating documents, about the
5	disputed information.
6	"(H) Contents of the notice to the
7	CONSUMER ABOUT THE RESULTS OF THE IN-
8	VESTIGATION BY THE FURNISHER.—The notice
9	of the results of the investigation described in
10	subparagraph (E) shall include—
11	"(i) a statement informing the con-
12	sumer as to whether the disputed informa-
13	tion was determined to be inaccurate, in-
14	complete, or unverifiable;
15	"(ii) a statement of the specific rea-
16	sons supporting the results of the inves-
17	tigation;
18	"(iii) a description of the procedure
19	used by the dispute resolution staff of the
20	person who furnishes information to a con-
21	sumer reporting agency to determine the
22	accuracy or completeness of the informa-
23	tion, including the business name, mailing
24	address, telephone number, and Internet
25	website address (if available) of any person

1	who was contacted by the staff in connec-
2	tion with the determination;
3	"(iv) a copy of all information relating
4	to the consumer that was used in carrying
5	out the investigation and was the basis for
6	any determination about the accuracy or
7	completeness of the disputed information;
8	"(v) a statement that consumer will
9	receive, free of charge, a copy of their con-
10	sumer report and credit score or edu-
11	cational credit score (if applicable), from
12	any consumer reporting agency to which
13	the disputed information had been pro-
14	vided, regardless of whether the consumer
15	obtained or will obtain a free consumer re-
16	port and credit score or educational credit
17	score (if applicable) in the 12-month period
18	preceding receipt of the notice described in
19	this subparagraph pursuant to section
20	612(a)(1);
21	"(vi) if the disputed information was
22	found to be inaccurate, incomplete, or un-
23	verifiable, a statement that the consumer
24	report of the consumer shall be revised to

1	reflect the change to the consumer's file as
2	a result of the investigation;
3	"(vii) a statement that the consumer
4	has the right to appeal the results of the
5	investigation under paragraph (10), free of
6	charge, within 120 days after the date of
7	the notice of the results of the investiga-
8	tion was provided to the consumer and the
9	process for submitting an appeal;
10	"(viii) a statement that the consumer
11	may add a narrative statement, free of
12	charge, to the consumer's file held by the
13	consumer reporting agency to which the in-
14	formation has been furnished disputing the
15	accuracy or completeness of the informa-
16	tion, regardless of the results of the inves-
17	tigation by the person, and the process for
18	contacting any agency that received the
19	consumer's information from the person to
20	submit a narrative statement;
21	"(ix) a statement informing the con-
22	sumer that a notation described in section
23	605(e) will be added to the consumer's file
24	during the period in which the consumer
25	appeals the results of an investigation and

1	that such notation can be removed at the
2	request of the consumer; and
3	"(x) a statement that the consumer
4	has the right to request a copy of their
5	consumer report and credit score or edu-
6	cational credit score (if applicable), free of
7	charge, within the 12-month period fol-
8	lowing the date of the conclusion of the in-
9	vestigation from any consumer reporting
10	agency in which the disputed information
11	had been provided, regardless of whether
12	the consumer obtained or will obtain a free
13	annual consumer report and credit score or
14	educational credit score (if applicable)
15	under this subparagraph or section
16	612(a)(1).''.
17	(f) Conforming Amendment.—Section
18	615(a)(4)(B) is amended—
19	(1) by striking ", under section 611, with a
20	consumer reporting agency"; and
21	(2) by striking "furnished by the agency" and
22	inserting "to a consumer reporting agency under
23	section 611 or to a person who furnished informa-
24	tion to an agency under section 623".

1	SEC. 105. RIGHT TO APPEAL DISPUTES RELATING TO RE-	
2	INVESTIGATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS.	
3	(a) Appeals of Reinvestigations Conducted by	
4	A CONSUMER REPORTING AGENCY.—Section 611 of the	
5	Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681i) is amend-	
6	ed—	
7	(1) in subsection (b), by inserting "or if the	
8	consumer is unsatisfied with the results of an appeal	
9	conducted under subsection (h)," after "resolve the	
10	dispute,"; and	
11	(2) by inserting after subsection (h) (as added	
12	by section 102) the following new subsection:	
13	"(i) Consumer Right To Appeal Results of a	
14	Consumer Reporting Agency Reinvestigation.—	
15	"(1) In general.—Within 120 days after the	
16	date of receipt of the results of a reinvestigation	
17	conducted under subsection (a), a consumer (or au-	
18	thorized third party) may, free of charge, appeal the	
19	results of such reinvestigation by submitting a notice	
20	. (
	of appeal to the consumer reporting agency.	
21	"(2) Notice of appeal.—	
2122	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	"(2) Notice of Appeal.—	
22	"(2) Notice of appeal.— "(A) Requirements.—A notice of appeal	
2223	"(2) Notice of appeal.— "(A) Requirements.—A notice of appeal described in paragraph (1) may be submitted in	

1	Internet website described in subsection (g)),
2	and—
3	"(i) shall identify the information con-
4	tained in the consumer's file that is the
5	subject of the appeal;
6	"(ii) shall describe the specific reasons
7	for submitting the notice of appeal; and
8	"(iii) may provide any information the
9	consumer believes is relevant to substan-
10	tiate the validity of the dispute.
11	"(B) Consumer reporting agency no-
12	TICE TO CONSUMER.—Upon receipt of such no-
13	tice of appeal, the consumer reporting agency
14	shall promptly provide to the consumer a state-
15	ment confirming the receipt of the consumer's
16	notice of appeal that shall include—
17	"(i) an approximate date on which the
18	consumer's appeal review will be com-
19	pleted;
20	"(ii) the process and procedures by
21	which such review will be conducted; and
22	"(iii) an employee reference number
23	or other employee identifier for each of the
24	specific individuals designated by the con-
25	sumer reporting agency who, upon the re-

1	quest of the consumer, may discuss the
2	substance and status of the appeal.
3	"(3) Consumer reporting agency require-
4	MENTS UPON RECEIPT OF NOTICE OF APPEAL.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 20
6	days after receiving a notice of appeal, the con-
7	sumer reporting agency shall review the appeal.
8	If the consumer reporting agency determines
9	the information is inaccurate, incomplete, or
10	cannot be verified, the consumer reporting
11	agency shall delete or modify the item of infor-
12	mation being disputed by the consumer from
13	the file of the consumer before the end of the
14	20-day period beginning on the date on which
15	the consumer reporting agency receives a notice
16	of an appeal from the consumer.
17	"(B) Notice of appeal to furnisher;
18	INFORMATION REGARDING DISPUTE PROVIDED
19	BY THE CONSUMER.—
20	"(i) In general.—Before the end of
21	the period of 3 business days beginning on
22	the date on which a consumer reporting
23	agency receives a notice of appeal, the con-
24	sumer reporting agency shall provide no-
25	tice of the appeal, including all information

1	relating to the specific appeal that the con-
2	sumer reporting agency has received from
3	the consumer, to any person who provided
4	any information in dispute.
5	"(ii) Provision of additional in-
6	FORMATION REGARDING THE DISPUTE.—If
7	the consumer reporting agency receives ad-
8	ditional information from the consumer
9	after the agency provides the notice re-
10	quired under clause (i) and before the end
11	of the 20-day period described in subpara-
12	graph (A), the consumer reporting agency
13	shall, not later than 3 business days after
14	receiving such information, provide such
15	information to any person who provided
16	the information in dispute and shall have
17	an additional 10 business days to complete
18	the appeal review.
19	"(C) Minimum standards for appeals
20	EMPLOYEES.—
21	"(i) Designation.—Upon receipt of
22	a notice of appeal under paragraph (1), a
23	consumer reporting agency shall designate
24	one or more specific employees who—

1	"(I) shall be assigned an em-
2	ployee reference number or other em-
3	ployee identifier that can be used by
4	the consumer to discuss the appeal
5	with the specific individuals handling
6	the appeal;
7	"(II) shall have direct authority
8	to resolve the dispute that is the sub-
9	ject of the notice of appeal from the
10	review stage to its completion;
11	"(III) shall meet minimum train-
12	ing and ongoing certification require-
13	ments at regular intervals, as estab-
14	lished by the Bureau;
15	"(IV) shall be located within the
16	United States;
17	"(V) may not have been involved
18	in the reinvestigation conducted or
19	terminated pursuant to subsection (a);
20	and
21	"(VI) may not be subject to any
22	requirements linking incentives, in-
23	cluding promotion, to the number of
24	appeals processed within a certain
25	time period.

1	"(ii) Requirements.—Such employ-
2	ees shall conduct a robust review of the ap-
3	peal and make a determination regarding
4	the accuracy and completeness of the dis-
5	puted information by—
6	"(I) conducting an independent
7	analysis, separate from any investiga-
8	tion by a reseller or person who pro-
9	vided the disputed information, and
10	separate from any prior reinvestiga-
11	tion conducted by the consumer re-
12	porting agency of the disputed infor-
13	mation;
14	"(II) verifying that the personally
15	identifiable information of the con-
16	sumer submitting the dispute matches
17	the personally identifiable information
18	contained on the consumer's file;
19	"(III) analyzing the notice of ap-
20	peal and all information, including
21	any substantiating documents, pro-
22	vided by the consumer with the notice
23	of appeal;
24	"(IV) evaluating the validity of
25	any information submitted by any

1	person that was used by the consumer
2	reporting agency in the reinvestigation
3	of the initial dispute;
4	"(V) verifying that the consumer
5	reporting agency has a record of the
6	information being disputed; and
7	"(VI) applying any additional
8	factors or investigative processes, as
9	specified by the Bureau.
10	"(D) NOTICE OF APPEAL RESULTS.—Not
11	later than 5 days after the end of the 20-day
12	period described under subparagraph (A) (or
13	the 10-day extension period, as applicable) the
14	consumer reporting agency shall provide the
15	consumer with written notice of the results of
16	the appeal by postal mail or, if requested by the
17	consumer, by other means. The contents of
18	such notice shall include—
19	"(i) a statement that the appeal is
20	completed and the date on which it was
21	completed, the results of the appeal, and
22	the specific reasons supporting the results
23	of the appeal;

1	"(ii) a copy of all information relating
2	to the consumer that was used as a basis
3	for deciding the results of the appeal;
4	"(iii) a consumer report that is based
5	upon the consumer's file as that file may
6	have been revised as a result of the appeal;
7	"(iv) a description of the procedure
8	used to determine the accuracy and com-
9	pleteness of the information, including the
10	business name, telephone number, mailing
11	address, and Internet website address (if
12	applicable) of any person who provided in-
13	formation that was contacted in connection
14	with such information, if reasonably avail-
15	able;
16	"(v) information describing that the
17	consumer may submit a statement, without
18	charge, disputing the accuracy or com-
19	pleteness of information in the consumer's
20	file that was the subject of an appeal
21	under this subsection by submitting a
22	statement directly to each consumer re-
23	porting agency that received the informa-
24	tion;

1	"(vi) a description of the consumer's
2	rights pursuant to subsection (d) (relating
3	to furnishing notifications to certain users
4	of consumer reports); and
5	"(vii) any other information, as deter-
6	mined by the Bureau.
7	"(E) NO EXCUSE FOR FAILURE TO CON-
8	DUCT APPEAL.—A consumer reporting agency
9	may not refuse to conduct a review of an appeal
10	under this subsection because the agency deter-
11	mines that the notice of appeal was submitted
12	by an authorized third party, unless the agency
13	has clear and convincing evidence that the third
14	party is not authorized to submit the notice of
15	appeal on the consumer's behalf. If the con-
16	sumer reporting agency refuses to conduct a re-
17	view of the appeal for these reasons, it shall
18	provide a clear and conspicuous written notice
19	to the consumer explaining the reasons for the
20	refusal and describing any information the con-
21	sumer is required to provide for the agency to
22	conduct a review of the appeal.".
23	(b) Appeals of Investigations Conducted by
24	FURNISHERS OF INFORMATION.—Section 623(a) of the
25	Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681s–2(a)) is

1	amended by adding at the end the following new para-
2	graph:
3	"(10) Duty of furnishers of information
4	UPON NOTICE OF APPEAL OF INVESTIGATION.—
5	"(A) In General.—Within 120 days of
6	the date of receipt of the results of an inves-
7	tigation conducted under paragraph (8)(E), a
8	consumer may, free of charge, appeal such re-
9	sults by submitting a notice of appeal to the
10	person who provided the information in the dis-
11	pute to a consumer reporting agency (hereafter
12	in this paragraph referred to as the 'furnisher')
13	"(B) Notice of appeal.—A notice of ap-
14	peal described in subparagraph (A) may be sub-
15	mitted in writing, through a toll-free telephone
16	number, or by other electronic means estab-
17	lished by the furnisher, and—
18	"(i) shall identify the information con-
19	tained in the consumer's file that is the
20	subject of the appeal;
21	"(ii) shall describe the specific reasons
22	for submitting the notice of appeal; and
23	"(iii) may include any information, in-
24	cluding substantiating documents, the con-
25	sumer believes is relevant to the appeal.

1	"(C) Furnisher actions.—Upon receipt
2	of such notice of appeal, the furnisher shall—
3	"(i) before the end of the period of 3
4	business days beginning on the date on
5	which the furnisher receives the notice of
6	appeal, notify each consumer reporting
7	agency to which the person furnished such
8	information a statement identifying the
9	items of information that a consumer is
10	appealing; and
11	"(ii) notify the consumer confirming
12	the receipt of the consumer's notice of ap-
13	peal, including an approximate date when
14	the consumer's appeal will be completed,
15	the process and procedures by which a re-
16	view of the appeal will be conducted, and
17	the specific individual designated by the
18	consumer reporting agency who, upon the
19	request of the consumer, may discuss the
20	substance and status of the appeal.
21	"(D) Furnisher requirements upon
22	RECEIPT OF NOTICE OF APPEAL.—Not later
23	than 20 days after receiving a notice of appeal,
24	the furnisher shall determine whether the item
25	of information being disputed by the consumer

1	is inaccurate, incomplete, or cannot be verified,
2	and shall notify the consumer reporting agency
3	of the determination. If the furnisher cannot
4	verify the accuracy or completeness of the dis-
5	puted information, the furnisher shall, before
6	the end of the 20-day period beginning on the
7	date on which the furnisher receives notice of
8	an appeal from the consumer, submit instruc-
9	tions to the consumer reporting agency that the
10	item of information being disputed by the con-
11	sumer should be deleted from the file of the
12	consumer.
13	"(E) MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR APPEALS
14	EMPLOYEES.—Upon receipt of a notice of ap-
15	peal under subparagraph (A), a furnisher shall
16	designate one or more specific employees who—
17	"(i) shall be assigned an employee ref-
18	erence number or other employee identifier
19	that can be used by the consumer to dis-
20	cuss the appeal with the specific individ-
21	uals handling the appeal;
22	"(ii) shall have direct authority to re-
23	solve the dispute that is the subject of the
24	notice of appeal on behalf of the furnisher
25	from the review stage to its completion;

1	"(iii) shall meet minimum training
2	and ongoing certification requirements at
3	regular intervals, as established by the Bu-
4	reau;
5	"(iv) may not have been involved in
6	an investigation conducted pursuant to
7	paragraph (8); and
8	"(v) may not be subject to any re-
9	quirements linking incentives, including
10	promotion, to the number of appeals proc-
11	essed within a certain time period.
12	"(F) REQUIREMENTS FOR APPEALS PROC-
13	ESS.—Such employees shall conduct a robust
14	review of the appeal and make a determination
15	regarding the accuracy and completeness of the
16	disputed information by—
17	"(i) conducting an independent anal-
18	ysis, separate from any reinvestigation by
19	a reseller or consumer reporting agency, of
20	the disputed information;
21	"(ii) verifying that the personally
22	identifiable information related to the dis-
23	pute is accurate and complete;
24	"(iii) analyzing the notice of appeal
25	and all information, including substan-

1	tiating documents, provided by the con-
2	sumer with the notice of appeal;
3	"(iv) evaluating the validity of any in-
4	formation submitted by any person that
5	was used by the furnisher in the initial in-
6	vestigation into the dispute;
7	"(v) verifying that the information
8	being disputed relates to the consumer in
9	whose file the information is located;
10	"(vi) verifying that the furnisher has
11	a record of the information being disputed;
12	and
13	"(vii) applying any additional factors
14	or investigative processes, as specified by
15	the Bureau.
16	"(G) Extension of Review Period.—If
17	a consumer submits additional information re-
18	lated to the appeal after the period of 3 busi-
19	ness days described in subparagraph (C)(i) and
20	before the end of the 20-day period described in
21	subparagraph (D), the furnisher shall have an
22	additional 10 business days to complete the re-
23	view of the appeal.
24	"(H) NOTICE OF APPEAL RESULTS.—Not
25	later than 5 days after the end of the 20-day

1	period described in subparagraph (D) (or the
2	10 business day extension described under sub-
3	paragraph (G), as applicable) the furnisher
4	shall provide the consumer with written notice
5	of the results of the appeal by mail or, if re-
6	quested by the consumer, by other means. The
7	contents of such notice shall include—
8	"(i) a statement that the appeal is
9	completed and the date on which it was
10	completed, the results of the appeal, and
11	the specific reasons supporting the results
12	of the appeal;
13	"(ii) a copy of all information relating
14	to the consumer that was used as a basis
15	for deciding the results of the appeal;
16	"(iii) if the appeal results in any
17	change to the consumer report, a notifica-
18	tion that the consumer shall receive a copy,
19	free of charge, of a revised consumer re-
20	port (based upon the consumer's file as
21	that file was changed as a result of the ap-
22	peal) and a credit score or educational
23	credit score (if applicable) from each con-
24	sumer reporting agency that had been fur-
25	nished incorrect information:

1	"(iv) a description of the procedure
2	used to determine the accuracy and com-
3	pleteness of the information, including the
4	business name, telephone number, mailing
5	address, and Internet website address (if
6	applicable), of any person who provided in-
7	formation that was contacted in connection
8	with such information, if reasonably avail-
9	able;
10	"(v) information describing that the
11	consumer may submit a statement, without
12	charge, disputing the accuracy or com-
13	pleteness of information in the consumer's
14	file that was the subject of an appeal
15	under this paragraph by submitting a
16	statement directly to each consumer re-
17	porting agency that received the informa-
18	tion; and
19	"(vi) a notification that the consumer
20	may request the furnisher to submit to
21	each consumer reporting agency the con-
22	sumer's request to furnish notifications
23	pursuant to section 611(d) (relating to fur-
24	nishing notifications to certain users of
25	consumer reports).".

1	(c) Technical Amendment.—Section 623(a)(8)(A)
2	of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681s-
3	2(a)(8)(A)) is amended by striking "reinvestigate" and in-
4	serting "investigate".
5	(d) Conforming Amendments.—Section 609 of the
6	Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681g) is amend-
7	ed—
8	(1) in subsection (e)—
9	(A) by striking "Commission" and insert-
10	ing "Bureau" each place that term appears;
11	(B) in the subsection heading, by striking
12	"RIGHTS TO OBTAIN AND DISPUTE INFORMA-
13	TION IN CONSUMER REPORTS AND TO OBTAIN
14	CREDIT SCORES" and inserting "KEY CON-
15	SUMER REPORTING RIGHTS"; and
16	(C) in paragraph (1)—
17	(i) in the heading, by striking "Com-
18	MISSION" and inserting "BUREAU";
19	(ii) in subparagraph (B)—
20	(I) in clause (ii), by striking "a
21	consumer report without charge under
22	section 612" and inserting "consumer
23	reports and credit scores or edu-
24	cational credit scores (as applicable)

1	without charge under subsections (f),
2	(g), (i), or (j) or section 612";
3	(II) in clause (iii), by inserting
4	"or section 623" after "section 611";
5	(III) by striking clauses (iv) and
6	(vi);
7	(IV) by inserting after clause (iii)
8	the following new clause:
9	"(iv) the right of a consumer to ap-
10	peal a determination of a reinvestigation
11	conducted by a consumer reporting agency
12	under section 611(h) or an investigation
13	conducted by a furnisher of information
14	under section 623(a)(10);"; and
15	(V) by adding at the end the fol-
16	lowing new clauses:
17	"(vi) the method and circumstances
18	under which consumers can obtain a 1-
19	year fraud alert, 7-year fraud alert, active
20	duty alert, or security freeze as described
21	in section 605A through a consumer re-
22	porting agency described under section
23	603(p).";

1	(iii) in subparagraph (C) (as amended
2	by subparagraph (A)) by inserting "and
3	the Commission" after "Bureau"; and
4	(iv) by adding at the end the following
5	new subparagraph:
6	"(D) Publication of Summary
7	RIGHTS.—A consumer reporting agency de-
8	scribed under subsection (p) or (x) of section
9	603 shall display in a clear and conspicuous
10	manner, including on the Internet website of
11	the consumer reporting agency, the summary of
12	rights prepared by the Bureau under this para-
13	graph."; and
14	(2) in subsection (d), by inserting "Bureau and
15	the" before "Commission".
16	SEC. 106. REVISED CONSUMER REPORTS.
17	Section 611 of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15
18	U.S.C. 1681i), as amended by section 105(a)(2), is further
19	amended by adding at the end the following new sub-
20	section:
21	"(j) Requirement To Send Revised Consumer
22	REPORT TO CONSUMER.—Upon receiving a notice de-
23	scribed in section 623(a)(8)(E)(iv), each consumer report-
24	ing agency shall send to the consumer a revised consumer
25	report and credit score or education credit score (if appli-

1	cable) based upon the consumer's file as that file was
2	changed as a result of the investigation.".
3	SEC. 107. INDICATION OF DISPUTE BY CONSUMERS AND
4	USE OF DISPUTED INFORMATION.
5	Section 605(f) of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15
6	U.S.C. 1681c(f)) is amended to read as follows:
7	"(f) Indication of Dispute.—
8	"(1) In General.—A consumer reporting
9	agency shall include in any consumer report based
10	on the consumer's file a notation identifying any
11	item of information that is currently in dispute by
12	the consumer if—
13	"(A) a consumer disputes the completeness
14	or accuracy of any item of information con-
15	tained in a consumer's file pursuant to section
16	611(a)(1);
17	"(B) a consumer files with a consumer re-
18	porting agency an appeal of a reinvestigation
19	pursuant to section 611(i); or
20	"(C) the consumer reporting agency is no-
21	tified by a person that furnished any items of
22	information that are currently in dispute by the
23	consumer that—
24	"(i) a consumer disputes the com-
25	pleteness or accuracy of any information

1	furnished by a person to any consumer re-
2	porting agency pursuant to paragraph (3)
3	or (8) of section 623(a); or
4	"(ii) a consumer submits a notice of
5	appeal under section 623(a)(10).
6	"(2) Opt out.—A consumer may submit a re-
7	quest to a consumer reporting agency or a person
8	who furnished the information in dispute, as applica-
9	ble, to have the notation described in paragraph (1)
10	omitted from the consumer report. Upon receipt of
11	such a request—
12	"(A) by a consumer reporting agency, such
13	agency shall remove the notation within 1 busi-
14	ness day; and
15	"(B) by a person who furnished the infor-
16	mation in dispute, such person shall submit
17	such request to each consumer reporting agency
18	to which the person furnished such information
19	within 1 business day and such agency shall re-
20	move the notation within 1 business day of re-
21	ceipt of such request.".

1	SEC. 108. ACCURACY AND COMPLETENESS REPORT DUTIES
2	FOR CONSUMER REPORTING AGENCIES AND
3	FURNISHERS.
4	Section 607(b) of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15
5	U.S.C. 1681e) is amended to read as follows:
6	"(b) Accuracy and Completeness of Report.—
7	"(1) In general.—In preparing a consumer
8	report, a consumer reporting agency shall maintain
9	reasonable procedures to ensure maximum possible
10	accuracy and completeness of the information con-
11	cerning the individual to whom the consumer report
12	relates.
13	"(2) Bureau rule to assure maximum pos-
14	SIBLE ACCURACY AND COMPLETENESS WITH CREDIT
15	REPORTING PRACTICES.—
16	"(A) Rule.—Not later than 18 months
17	after the date of enactment of this subsection,
18	the Bureau shall issue a final rule establishing
19	the procedures described in paragraph (1).
20	"(B) Requirements.—In formulating the
21	rule required under subparagraph (A), the Bu-
22	reau shall—
23	"(i) develop standards for matching
24	the personally identifiable information in-
25	cluded in the consumer's file with the per-
26	sonally identifiable information furnished

1	by the person who provided the informa-
2	tion to the consumer reporting agency
3	(hereafter in this subsection referred to as
4	the 'furnisher'), including the full name of
5	a consumer, the date of birth of a con-
6	sumer, the full social security number of a
7	consumer, and any other information that
8	the Bureau determines would aid in assur-
9	ing maximum possible accuracy and com-
10	pleteness of such consumer reports;
11	"(ii) establish processes for a con-
12	sumer reporting agency to monitor the in-
13	tegrity of the data provided by furnishers
14	and the compliance of furnishers with the
15	requirements of this title;
16	"(iii) establish processes for a con-
17	sumer reporting agency to regularly rec-
18	oncile data relating to accounts in collec-
19	tion, including those that have not been
20	paid in full, by specifying the cir-
21	cumstances under which the consumer re-
22	porting agency shall remove or suppress
23	negative or adverse information from a
24	consumer's file that has not been updated
25	by a furnisher who is also a debt collector

1	(as defined in section 803 of the Fair Debt
2	Collection Practices Act) within the time
3	period established by the Bureau;
4	"(iv) establish procedures to require
5	each consumer reporting agency to review
6	and monitor the quality of information re-
7	ceived from any source, including informa-
8	tion from public records, by regularly and
9	on an ongoing basis comparing the infor-
10	mation received to the information avail-
11	able from the original source and ensuring
12	that the information received is the most
13	current information;
14	"(v) develop standards and procedures
15	for consumer reporting agencies to identify
16	furnishers that repeatedly fail to provide
17	accurate and complete information, to take
18	corrective action against such furnishers,
19	and to reject information submitted by
20	such furnishers;
21	"(vi) develop standards and proce-
22	dures for consumer reporting agencies to
23	adopt regarding collection of public record
24	data, including standards and procedures
25	to consider the ultimate data source, how

1	the public record information is filed and
2	its availability and accessibility, and wheth-
3	er information relating to the satisfaction
4	of judgments or other updates to the pub-
5	lic record are available on a reasonably
6	timely basis from a particular source; and
7	"(vii) establish any other factors, pro-
8	cedures, or processes determined by the
9	Bureau to be necessary to assist consumer
10	reporting agencies in achieving maximum
11	possible accuracy and completeness of the
12	information in consumer reports.
13	"(3) Corrective action for furnishers
14	THAT REPEATEDLY FURNISH INACCURATE OR IN-
15	COMPLETE INFORMATION.—Upon identifying a fur-
16	nisher that repeatedly fails to furnish accurate, com-
17	plete, or verifiable information to consumer report-
18	ing agencies, the Bureau shall—
19	"(A) ensure the prompt removal of any ad-
20	verse information relating to a consumer's ac-
21	counts submitted by such furnisher; and
22	"(B) take corrective action, which may in-
23	clude—
24	"(i) mandatory revised training and
25	training materials for the staff of the fur-

1	nisher regarding the furnishing of accurate
2	and complete information;
3	"(ii) sharing industry best practices
4	and procedures regarding accuracy and
5	completeness; or
6	"(iii) temporarily prohibiting a fur-
7	nisher from providing information to a
8	consumer reporting agency.".
9	SEC. 109. INCLUSION OF PUBLIC RECORD DATA SOURCES
10	IN CONSUMER REPORTS.
11	Section 605(d) of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15
12	U.S.C. 1681c(d)) is amended by adding at the end the
13	following:
14	"(3) Public record data source.—Any con-
15	sumer reporting agency that furnishes a consumer
16	report that contains public record data shall also in-
17	clude in such report the source from which that data
18	was obtained, including the particular court, if any,
19	and the date that the data was initially reported or
20	publicized.".
21	SEC. 110. INJUNCTIVE RELIEF FOR VICTIMS.
22	(a) In General.—The Fair Credit Reporting Act
23	(15 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.) is amended—
24	(1) in section 616—

1	(A) in subsection (a), by amending the
2	subsection heading to read as follows: "Dam-
3	AGES'';
4	(B) by redesignating subsections (c) and
5	(d) as subsections (d) and (e), respectively; and
6	(C) by inserting after subsection (b) the
7	following new subsection:
8	"(c) Injunctive Relief.—In addition to any other
9	remedy set forth in this section, a court may award injunc-
10	tive relief to require compliance with the requirements im-
11	posed under this title with respect to any consumer. In
12	the event of any successful action for injunctive relief
13	under this subsection, the court may award to the pre-
14	vailing party costs and reasonable attorney fees (as deter-
15	mined by the court) incurred during the action by such
16	party."; and
17	(2) in section 617—
18	(A) in subsection (a), by amending the
19	subsection heading to read as follows: "Dam-
20	AGES";
21	(B) by redesignating subsection (b) as sub-
22	section (c); and
23	(C) by inserting after subsection (a) the
24	following new subsection:

1	"(b) Injunctive Relief.—In addition to any other
2	remedy set forth in this section, a court may award injunc-
3	tive relief to require compliance with the requirements im-
4	posed under this title with respect to any consumer. In
5	the event of any successful action for injunctive relief
6	under this subsection, the court may award to the pre-
7	vailing party costs and reasonable attorney fees (as deter-
8	mined by the court) incurred during the action by such
9	party.".
10	(b) Enforcement by Federal Trade Commis-
11	SION.—Section 621(a)(2)(A) of the Fair Credit Reporting
12	Act (15 U.S.C. 1681s(a)(2)(A)) is amended—
13	(1) by amending the subparagraph heading to
14	read as follows: "Negligent, willful, or know-
15	ING VIOLATIONS"; and
16	(2) by inserting "negligent, willful, or" before
17	"knowing".

1	TITLE II—PROHIBITION ON MIS-
2	LEADING AND UNFAIR CON-
3	SUMER REPORTING PRAC-
4	TICES
5	SEC. 201. PROHIBITION ON AUTOMATIC RENEWALS FOR
6	PROMOTIONAL CONSUMER REPORTING AND
7	CREDIT SCORING PRODUCTS AND SERVICES.
8	The Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681 et
9	seq.) is amended—
10	(1) by adding at the end the following new sec-
11	tion:
12	"§ 630. Promotional periods
13	"(a) Termination Notice.—With respect to any
14	product or service related to a consumer report or a credit
15	score that is provided to a consumer under promotional
16	terms, the seller or provider of such product or service
17	shall provide clear and conspicuous notice to the consumer
18	within a reasonable period of time before the promotional
19	period ends.
20	"(b) Opt-In.—With respect to any such product or
21	service, the seller or provider may not continue to sell or
22	provide such product or service to the consumer after the
23	end of the promotional period unless the consumer specifi-
24	cally agrees at the end of the promotional period to con-
25	tinue receiving the product or service."; and

1	(2) in the table of contents for such Act, by in-
2	serting after the item relating to section 629 the fol-
3	lowing new item:
	"630. Promotional periods.".
4	SEC. 202. PROHIBITION ON MISLEADING AND DECEPTIVE
5	MARKETING RELATED TO THE PROVISION OF
6	CONSUMER REPORTING AND CREDIT SCOR-
7	ING PRODUCTS AND SERVICES.
8	Section 609 of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15
9	U.S.C. 1681g) is amended—
10	(1) in subsection (a)—
11	(A) in paragraph (1)—
12	(i) by striking "request, except" and
13	all that follows through "consumer to
14	whom" and inserting "request, unless the
15	consumer to whom";
16	(ii) by striking "disclosure; and" and
17	inserting "disclosure."; and
18	(iii) by striking subparagraph (B);
19	and
20	(B) in paragraph (6), by inserting "or edu-
21	cational credit score (if applicable) under sub-
22	section (f) or section 612" before the period at
23	the end; and
24	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
25	section:

1	"(h) Disclosures on Products and Services.—
2	The Bureau, in consultation with the Federal Trade Com-
3	mission, shall issue regulations within 18 months of the
4	date of the enactment of this subsection requiring each
5	consumer reporting agency and reseller to clearly and con-
6	spicuously disclose all material terms and conditions, in-
7	cluding any fee and pricing information associated with
8	any products or services offered, advertised, marketed, or
9	sold to consumers by the agency or reseller. Such disclo-
10	sures shall be made in all forms of communication to con-
11	sumers and displayed prominently on the agency or re-
12	seller's website and all other locations where products or
13	services are offered, advertised, marketed, or sold to con-
14	sumers.".
15	SEC. 203. PROHIBITON ON EXCESSIVE DIRECT-TO-CON-
16	SUMER SALES.
17	The Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681 et
18	seq.), as amended by section 201, is further amended—
19	(1) by adding at the end the following new sec-
20	tion:
21	"§ 631. Fair and reasonable fees for products and
22	services
23	"The Bureau may, with respect to any product or
24	service offered by a consumer reporting agency to a con-
25	sumer, set a fair and reasonable maximum fee that may

1	be charged for such product or service, except where such
2	maximum fee is otherwise provided under this title."; and
3	(2) in the table of contents for such Act, as
4	amended by section 201, by adding at the end the
5	following new item:
	"631. Fair and reasonable fees for products and services.".
6	SEC. 204. FAIR ACCESS TO CONSUMER REPORTING AND
7	CREDIT SCORING DISCLOSURES FOR NON-
8	NATIVE ENGLISH SPEAKERS AND THE VIS-
9	UALLY AND HEARING IMPAIRED.
10	The Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681 et
11	seq.), as amended by section 203, is further amended—
12	(1) by adding at the end the following new sec-
13	tion:
14	"§ 632. Fair access to information for nonnative
15	English speakers and the visually and
16	hearing impaired
17	"(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after
18	the date of the enactment of this section, the Bureau shall
19	issue a rule to require consumer reporting agencies and
20	persons who furnish information to consumer reporting
21	agencies under this title, to the maximum extent reason-
22	ably practicable—
23	"(1) to provide any information, disclosures, or
24	other communication with consumers—

1	"(A) in each of the 10 most commonly spo-
2	ken languages, other than English, in the
3	United States, as determined by the Bureau of
4	the Census on an ongoing basis; and
5	"(B) in formats accessible to individuals
6	with hearing or vision impairments; and
7	"(2) to ensure that—
8	"(A) customer service representatives, in-
9	cluding employees assigned to handle disputes
10	or appeals under sections 611 and 623, who are
11	available to assist consumers are highly familiar
12	with the requirements of this title;
13	"(B) such representatives are available
14	during regular business hours and outside of
15	regular business hours, including evenings and
16	weekends; and
17	"(C) at least one among such representa-
18	tives is fluent in each of the 10 most commonly
19	spoken languages, other than English, in the
20	United States, as determined by the Bureau of
21	the Census on an ongoing basis.
22	"(b) Bureau Consultation.—The Bureau shall
23	consult with advocates for civil rights, consumer groups,
24	community groups, and organizations that serve tradition-

1	ally underserved communities and populations in issuing
2	the rule described in subsection (a)."; and
3	(2) in the table of contents for such Act, as
4	amended by section 203, by adding at the end the
5	following new item:
	"632. Fair access to information for nonnative English speakers and the visually and hearing impaired.".
6	SEC. 205. COMPARISON SHOPPING FOR LOANS WITHOUT
7	HARM TO CREDIT STANDING.
8	Section 605 of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15
9	U.S.C. 1681c) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
10	lowing new subsection:
11	"(h) Encouraging Consumers To Comparison
12	SHOP FOR LOANS BY TREATING GROUPED ENQUIRIES OF
13	THE SAME TYPE WITHIN A REASONABLE PERIOD AS A
14	SINGLE ENQUIRY.—
15	"(1) In general.—With respect to multiple
16	enquiries of the same type made to a consumer re-
17	porting agency for a consumer report or credit score
18	with respect to a consumer, any credit scoring model
19	shall treat such enquiries as a single enquiry if the
20	enquiries are made within a 120-day period.
21	"(2) Definition of enquiries of the same
22	TYPE.—With respect to multiple enquiries made to
23	a consumer reporting agency for a consumer report
24	or credit score with respect to a consumer, such

1	enquiries are 'of the same type' if the consumer re-
2	porting agency has reason to believe that the
3	enquiries are all made for the purpose of deter-
4	mining the consumer's creditworthiness for an exten-
5	sion of credit described in one of the following:
6	"(A) Any loan primarily for personal, fam-
7	ily, or household use that is secured by a mort-
8	gage, deed of trust, or other equivalent consen-
9	sual security interest on a dwelling (as defined
10	in section 103(w) of the Truth in Lending Act),
11	including a loan in which the proceeds will be
12	used for—
13	"(i) a manufactured home (as defined
14	in section 603 of the Housing and Commu-
15	nity Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C.
16	5402));
17	"(ii) any installment sales contract,
18	land contract, or contract for deed on a
19	residential property; or
20	"(iii) a reverse mortgage transaction
21	(as defined in section 103 of the Truth in
22	Lending Act).
23	"(B) A motor vehicle loan or lease (as de-
24	scribed in section 609(j)).
25	"(C) A private education loan.

1	"(D) Any other consumer financial product
2	or service, as determined by the Bureau.".
3	SEC. 206. NATIONWIDE CONSUMER REPORTING AGENCIES
4	REGISTRY.
5	The Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681 et
6	seq.), as amended by section 204, is further amended—
7	(1) by adding at the end the following new sec-
8	tion:
9	"§ 633. Nationwide consumer reporting agencies reg-
10	istry
11	"(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the
12	date of enactment of this section, the Bureau shall estab-
13	lish and maintain a publicly accessible registry of con-
14	sumer reporting agencies described in subsection (p) or
15	(x) of section 603 (and any other agencies the Bureau de-
16	termines provide similar services to such consumer report-
17	ing agencies) that includes current contact information of
18	each such agency, including the Internet website address
19	of the Internet website described under section 611(h),
20	and information on how consumers can obtain their con-
21	sumer report, credit scores, or educational credit scores
22	(as applicable) by toll-free telephone, postal mail, or elec-
23	tronic means.
24	"(b) Registry Requirements.—The registry de-
25	scribed in subsection (a) shall—

1	"(1) identify the largest agencies and the mar-
2	kets and demographics covered by such agencies;
3	and
4	"(2) disclose, with respect to each agency,
5	whether the agency is subject to the supervisory au-
6	thority of the Bureau under this title.
7	"(c) Information Updates.—Each agency de-
8	scribed under subsection (a) shall submit to the Bureau
9	contact information for the registry, including any updates
10	to such information. The Bureau shall—
11	"(1) independently verify information submitted
12	by each agency; and
13	"(2) update the registry not less frequently
14	than annually."; and
15	(2) in the table of contents for such Act, as
16	amended by section 204, by adding at the end the
17	following new item:

"633. Nationwide consumer reporting agencies registry.".