[DISCUSSION DRAFT]

H.R.

116TH CONGRESS 2D Session

To require studies and reports on business email compromise scams, to require updated examination procedures related to business email compromise scams, to establish the Real Estate Fraud Advisory Group, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. SHERMAN introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

- To require studies and reports on business email compromise scams, to require updated examination procedures related to business email compromise scams, to establish the Real Estate Fraud Advisory Group, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Internet Fraud Pre-
- 5 vention Act".

1 SEC. 2. STUDY ON BUSINESS EMAIL COMPROMISE SCAMS.

(a) STUDY.—The Board of Governors of the Federal
 Reserve System and the Federal Trade Commission shall,
 jointly, carry out a study on—

- 5 (1) business email compromise scams targeting
 6 real estate and non-real estate transactions;
- 7 (2) common criminal typologies in such scams;8 and
- 9 (3) how such scams use the United States fi10 nancial system, including electronic funds transfers
 11 conducted through Fedwire.

12 (b) REPORT.—Not later than the end of the 12-13 month period beginning on the date of enactment of this 14 Act, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve Sys-15 tem and the Federal Trade Commission shall, jointly, 16 issue a report to Congress containing all findings and de-17 terminations made in carrying out the study required 18 under subsection (a).

19SEC. 3. ANNUAL REPORT ON BUSINESS EMAIL COM-20PROMISE SCAM LOSSES.

The Director of the Financial Crimes Enforcement
Network, the Federal Trade Commission, and the Director
of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall, jointly, issue
an annual report to Congress regarding losses suffered by
consumers and businesses, along with losses prevented,
due to business email compromise scams targeting real es-

tate and non-real estate transactions, broken down by
 State.

3 SEC. 4. REPORT ON FEDNOW ANTI-FRAUD SAFEGUARDS.

4 Not later than the end of the 12-month period begin5 ning on the date of enactment of this Act, the Board of
6 Governors of the Federal Reserve System shall issue a re7 port to the Committee on Financial Services of the House
8 of Representatives and the Committee on Banking, Hous9 ing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate—

(1) on the anti-fraud safeguards being put in
place for the FedNow real time payments system
and how such safeguards would prevent business
email compromise scam losses or make it easier for
victims to recover lost funds; and

(2) containing the results of a cost-benefit analysis of adding as a safeguard a requirement that a
transmitting financial institution match the payee
name on a transfer request with the account holder
name at the receiving financial institution.

20 SEC. 5. INCLUSION OF INFORMATION ON BUSINESS EMAIL

21 COMPROMISE SCAMS IN EXAMINATION PRO-22 CEDURES.

23 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than the end of the 12-

24 month period beginning on the date of enactment of this25 Act, the Financial Institutions Examination Council shall

4

update the uniform examination procedures established by
 the Council related to the Bank Secrecy Act and anti money laundering requirements on risks associated with
 money laundering and terrorist financing and fund trans fers to include information about business email com promise scams targeting real estate and non-real estate
 transactions.

8 (b) BANK SECRECY ACT DEFINED.—In this section,9 the term "Bank Secrecy Act" means—

10 (1) section 21 of the Federal Deposit Insurance
11 Act (12 U.S.C. 1829b);

(2) chapter 2 of title I of Public Law 91–508
(12 U.S.C. 1951 et seq.); and

14 (3) subchapter II of chapter 53 of title 31,15 United States Code.

16 SEC. 6. REAL ESTATE FRAUD ADVISORY GROUP.

17 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established an advi18 sory committee to be known as the "Real Estate Fraud
19 Advisory Group".

(b) MEMBERSHIP.—The Real Estate Fraud Advisory
Group shall consist of members appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury and include—

- 23 (1) industry representatives;
- 24 (2) financial services experts; and
- 25 (3) consumer organization representatives.

(c) FUNCTIONS.—The Real Estate Fraud Advisory
 Group shall create model educational materials to educate
 employees of real estate brokerages, title companies, finan cial-services companies, and wire-transfer companies on
 how to identify and prevent scams that targeting real es tate.