## HOUSE PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO TITLE II

Page 128, line 6, strike "(a) IN GENERAL.—"

Page 130, strike line 19 and all that follows through page 132, line 8, and insert the following:

1	(11) FINANCIAL COMPANY.—The term "finan-
2	cial company' means any company that—
3	(A) is incorporated or organized under
4	Federal law or the laws of any State;
5	(B) is—
6	(i) any bank holding company as de-
7	fined in section 2(a) of the Bank Holding
8	Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C.
9	1841(a));
10	(ii) any company that has been sub-
11	jected to stricter prudential regulation
12	under section 124;
13	(iii) any insurance company;
14	(iv) any company predominantly en-
15	gaged in activities that are financial in na-
16	ture or incidental thereto for purposes of
17	section 4(k) of the Bank Holding Company
18	Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1843(k)) or activi-

1	ties that have been identified for stricter
2	prudential standards under section 124; or
3	(v) any subsidiary of companies de-
4	scribed in clauses (i) through (iv) (other
5	than an insured depository institution or
6	any broker or dealer registered with the
7	Commission under section 15(b) of the Se-
8	curities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C.
9	78o(b)) that is a member of the Securities
10	Investor Protection Corporation);
11	(C) that is not a Farm Credit System in-
12	stitution chartered under and subject to the
13	provisions of the Farm Credit Act of 1971, as
14	amended (12 U.S.C. 2001 et seq.);
15	(D) that is not a Federal home loan bank,
16	the Federal National Mortgage Association, or
17	the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation;
18	and
19	(E) is not an insured depository institution
20	(as defined in section 3(c) of the Federal De-
21	posit Insurance act), a Federal credit union or
22	a State-chartered credit union (as such terms
23	are defined in section 101 of the Federal Credit
24	Union Act), or a government-sponsored enter-
25	prise (as such term is defined in section 1004(f)

1	of the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery
2	and Enforcement Act of 1989 (12 U.S.C. 1811
3	note)).

Page 132, strike line 21 and all that follows through page 133, line 3.

Page 133, strike lines 6 through 20.

Page 149, line 7, strike "On" and insert "Except as provided in subparagraph (B) or (C), on".

Page 150, after line 10, insert the following new subparagraph:

(C) Cases involving insurance company, or in which the largest United States subsidiary (as measured by total assets as of the end of the previous calendar quarter) of a financial company is an insurance company, the applicable State insurance authority of the State in which the insurance company is domiciled and the Board of Governors, at the request of the Secretary or on their own initiative, shall consider whether to make the written recommendation described in paragraph (2) with respect to the financial company. Subject to the requirements in paragraph (2), such recommendation

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shall be made upon a vote of not fewer than  $\frac{2}{3}$ of the Board of Governors then serving and the
affirmative approval of the insurance authority,
and in consultation with the Corporation.

Page 159, strike line 15 and all that follows through page 160, line 2, and insert the following:

(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsection (b), if an insurance company is a covered financial company or a subsidiary or affiliate of a covered financial company, the insolvency, liquidation, or rehabilitation of such insurance company, and any subsidiary or affiliate of such company that is not excepted under paragraph (2), shall be conducted as provided under State law, and the assets of such insurance company, including the value of any solvent subsidiary of such insurance company, shall be used for the protection of policy holders.

(2) Exception for subsidiaries and affiliates.—The requirement of paragraph (1) regarding application of State insolvency laws shall not apply with respect to any subsidiary or affiliate of an insurance company that is not itself an insurance company.

Section 204(d) is amended—

- (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1), (2), (3),
- (4), (5), and (6) as subparagraphs (A), (B), (C),
- (D), (E), and (F), respectively; and
- (2) by moving such subparagraphs 2 ems to the right.

Page 163, line 3, strike "Upon" and insert the following:

## 1 (1) In General.—Upon

Page 163, line 9, strike "section 210(n)(11)" and insert "paragraph (2)".

Page 164, after line 12, insert the following new paragraph:

2 (2) Orderly Liquidation Plan.—Amounts in 3 the Fund shall be available to the Corporation with 4 regard to a covered financial company for which the 5 Corporation is appointed receiver after the Corpora-6 tion has developed an orderly liquidation plan that 7 is acceptable to the Secretary with regard to such 8 covered financial company, including the provision 9 and use of funds, including taking any actions speci-10 fied section 204(d) under and subsection 11 (h)(2)(G)(iv) and (h)(9) of this section, and pav-12 ments to third parties. The orderly liquidation plan 13 shall take into account actions to avoid or mitigate

1	potential adverse effects on low income, minority, or
2	underserved communities affected by the failure of
3	the covered financial company, and shall provide for
4	coordination with the primary financial regulatory
5	agencies, as appropriate, to ensure that such actions
6	are taken. The Corporation may, at any time, amend
7	any orderly liquidation plan approved by the Sec-
8	retary with the concurrence of the Secretary.

Page 307, strike line 1 and all that follows through page 320, line 21, and insert the following (and redesignate subsequent subsections accordingly):

## 9 (n) Systemic Dissolution Fund.— 10 (1) Establishment and purpose.— 11 (A) IN GENERAL.—There is established in the Treasury a separate fund to be known as 12 the "Systemic Dissolution Fund"— 13 14 (i) to facilitate and provide for the or-15 derly and complete dissolution of any failed 16 financial company or companies that pose 17 a systemic threat to the financial markets 18 or economy, as determined under section 19 203(b); and 20 (ii) to ensure that any taxpayer funds 21 utilized to facilitate such liquidations are 22 fully repaid from assessments levied on fi-

1	nancial companies that have assets of
2	\$50,000,000,000, adjusted for inflation, or
3	more.
4	(B) Adjustment of threshold.—The
5	threshold referred to in subparagraph (A)(ii)
6	shall be adjusted on an annual basis, based on
7	the growth of assets owned or managed by fi-
8	nancial companies (as defined in section
9	201(a)(10)).
10	(2) Authority.—The Systemic Dissolution
11	Fund shall be administered by the Corporation,
12	which shall have exclusive authority to—
13	(A) impose assessments on covered finan-
14	cial companies in accordance with paragraphs
15	(6) through (8);
16	(B) maintain and administer the Fund in
17	a manner so as to make clear to the general
18	public that such Fund is unrelated to any other
19	Fund maintained and administered by the Cor-
20	poration, including the Deposit Insurance
21	Fund;
22	(C) utilize the Fund to facilitate the dis-
23	solution of a covered financial company (as de-
24	fined by section $201(a)(7)$ ) as provided in para-

1	graph (3), or take such other actions as are au-
2	thorized by this subtitle;
3	(D) invest the Fund in accordance with
4	section 13(a) of the Federal Deposit Insurance
5	Act; and
6	(E) exercise borrowing authority as pre-
7	scribed in subsection (o).
8	(3) Uses.—
9	(A) The Fund shall be available to the
10	Corporation for use with respect to the dissolu-
11	tion of a covered financial company to—
12	(i) cover the costs incurred by the
13	Corporation, including as receiver, in exer-
14	cising its rights, authorities, and powers
15	and fulfilling its obligations and respon-
16	sibilities under this section;
17	(ii) repay such funds in accordance
18	with subsection (o)(6); and
19	(iii) cover the costs of systemic sta-
20	bilization actions, pursuant to section
21	204(d).
22	(B) The Fund shall not be used in any
23	manner to benefit any officer or director of
24	such company removed pursuant to section
25	206(a)(5).

1	(4) Deposits to fund.—All amounts assessed
2	against a financial company under this section shall
3	be deposited into the Fund.
4	(5) Size of fund.—The Corporation shall, by
5	rule, establish the minimum size of the Fund con-
6	sistent with subparagraphs (D) and (E) of para-
7	graph (6).
8	(6) Assessments.—
9	(A) Assessments to maintain fund.—
10	The Corporation shall impose risk-based assess-
11	ments on financial companies in such amount
12	and manner and subject to such terms and con-
13	ditions that the Corporation determines, by reg-
14	ulation and in consultation with the Council,
15	are necessary for the amount in the Fund to at
16	least equal the minimum size established pursu-
17	ant to paragraph (5).
18	(B) Assessments to replenish the
19	FUND.—If the Fund falls below the minimum
20	size established pursuant to paragraph (5), the
21	Corporation shall impose assessments on finan-
22	cial companies in such amounts and manner
23	and subject to such terms and conditions as the
24	Corporation determines, by regulation and in
25	consultation with the Council, are necessary to

1	replenish the fund subject to the limitations in
2	subparagraph (E).
3	(C) OTHER ASSESSMENTS.—When assess-
4	ments are required for the purpose of repaying
5	amounts owed to Treasury, the Corporation
6	shall—
7	(i) before assessing any financial com-
8	pany, impose assessments, as soon as prac-
9	ticable, on any claimant that received addi-
10	tional payments or amounts from the Cor-
11	poration pursuant to subsection (b)(4),
12	(d)(4), or $(h)(5)(E)$ , except for payments
13	or amounts necessary to initiate and con-
14	tinue operations essential to implementa-
15	tion of the receivership or any bridge fi-
16	nancial company, to recover on a cumu-
17	lative basis, the entire difference be-
18	tween—
19	(I) the aggregate value the claim-
20	ant received from the Corporation on
21	a claim pursuant to this title (includ-
22	ing pursuant to subsection (b)(4),
23	(d)(4), and $(h)(5)(E)$ , as of the date
24	on which such value was received; and

1	(II) the value the claimant was
2	entitled to receive from the Corpora-
3	tion on such claim solely from the
4	proceeds of the liquidation of the cov-
5	ered financial company under this
6	title; and
7	(ii) if the amounts recovered on a cu-
8	mulative basis under clause (i) are insuffi-
9	cient to meet the requirements of subpara-
10	graph (B), after taking into account the
11	considerations set forth in paragraph (7),
12	impose assessments on those eligible finan-
13	cial companies and those financial compa-
14	nies with total consolidated assets equal to
15	or greater than \$50,000,000,000 that are
16	not eligible financial companies that the
17	Corporation determines to be in the high-
18	risk category in accordance with paragraph
19	(7); and
20	(iii) if the amounts recovered on a cu-
21	mulative basis under clauses (i) and (ii)
22	are insufficient, after taking into account
23	the considerations set forth in paragraph
24	(7), impose assessments on those eligible
25	financial companies and those financial

1	companies with total consolidated assets
2	equal to or greater than \$50,000,000,000
3	that are not eligible financial companies
4	that the Corporation determines not to be
5	in the high-risk category in accordance
6	with paragraph (7).
7	(D) MINIMUM ASSESSMENT THRESH-
8	OLD.—
9	(i) In General.—The Corporation
10	shall not assess financial companies with
11	less than \$50,000,000,000, adjusted for in-
12	flation, of assets on a consolidated basis,
13	subject to any differentiation as permitted
14	in paragraph (8) and shall assess financial
15	companies with \$50,000,000,000, adjusted
16	for inflation, or more in assets in accord-
17	ance with paragraphs (7) and (8).
18	(ii) Hedge funds.—The Corporation
19	shall not assess financial companies that
20	manage hedge funds (as defined by the
21	Corporation for the purpose of this section,
22	in consultation with the Securities and Ex-
23	change Commission) with less than
24	\$10,000,000,000, adjusted for inflation, of
25	assets, under management on a consoli-

1	dated basis, subject to any differentiation
2	as permitted in paragraph (8) and shall
3	assess any financial companies that man-
4	age hedge funds with $$10,000,000,000$ or
5	more of assets under management in ac-
6	cordance with paragraphs (7) and (8).
7	(E) MAXIMUM SIZE OF FUND VIA ASSESS-
8	MENTS.—
9	(i) In General.—The Corporation
10	shall suspend assessments on financial
11	companies on the day after the date on
12	which the total of the assessments, exclud-
13	ing interest or other earnings from invest-
14	ments made pursuant to paragraph (2)(D),
15	equals \$150,000,000,000.
16	(ii) Exceptions.—Any suspension of
17	assessments under clause (i)—
18	(I) may be set aside if the Fund
19	falls below \$150,000,000,000; and
20	(II) shall be set aside if the Fund
21	falls below the minimum level estab-
22	lished in subparagraph (D).
23	(7) Factors.—The Corporation, in consulta-
24	tion with the Council shall establish a risk matrix to

1	be used in establishing assessments that takes into
2	account—
3	(A) the actual or expected risk of losses to
4	the Fund;
5	(B) economic conditions generally affecting
6	financial companies so as to allow assessments
7	and the Fund to increase during more favorable
8	economic conditions and to decrease during less
9	favorable economic conditions;
10	(C) any assessments imposed on a finan-
11	cial company or an affiliate of a financial com-
12	pany that—
13	(i) is an insured depository institu-
14	tion, assessed pursuant to section 7 or
15	13(c)(4)(G) of the Federal Deposit Insur-
16	ance Act;
17	(ii) is a member of the Securities In-
18	vestor Protection Corporation, assessed
19	pursuant to section 4 of the Securities In-
20	vestor Protection Act of 1970 (15 U.S.C.
21	78ddd);
22	(iii) is an insured credit union, as-
23	sessed pursuant to section 202(c)(1)(A)(i)
24	of the Federal Credit Union Act (12
25	U.S.C. $1782(c)(1)(A)(i)$ ; or

1	(iv) is an insurance company, assessed
2	pursuant to applicable State law to cover
3	(or reimburse payments made to cover) the
4	costs of the rehabilitation, liquidation or
5	other State insolvency proceeding with re-
6	spect to 1 or more insurance companies;
7	(D) the risks presented by the financial
8	company to the financial system and the extent
9	to which the financial company has benefitted,
10	or likely would benefit, from the dissolution of
11	a financial company under this title, includ-
12	ing—
13	(i) the amount, different categories,
14	and concentrations of assets of the finan-
15	cial company and its affiliates, including
16	both on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet
17	assets;
18	(ii) the activities of the financial com-
19	pany and its affiliates;
20	(iii) the relevant market share of the
21	financial company and its affiliates;
22	(iv) the extent to which the financial
23	company is leveraged;

1	(v) the potential exposure to sudden
2	calls on liquidity precipitated by economic
3	distress;
4	(vi) the amount, maturity, volatility,
5	and stability of the company's financial ob-
6	ligations to, and relationship with, other fi-
7	nancial companies;
8	(vii) the amount, maturity, volatility,
9	and stability of the company's liabilities,
10	including the degree of reliance on short-
11	term funding, taking into consideration ex-
12	isting systems for measuring a company's
13	risk-based capital;
14	(viii) the stability and variety of the
15	company's sources of funding;
16	(ix) the company's importance as a
17	source of credit for households, businesses,
18	and State and local governments and as a
19	source of liquidity for the financial system;
20	(x) the extent to which assets are sim-
21	ply managed and not owned by the finan-
22	cial company and the extent to which own-
23	ership of assets under management is dif-
24	fuse; and

1	(xi) the amount, different categories,
2	and concentrations of liabilities, both in-
3	sured and uninsured, contingent and non-
4	contingent, including both on-balance sheet
5	and off-balance sheet liabilities, of the fi-
6	nancial company and its affiliates; and
7	(E) such other factors as the Corporation,
8	in consultation with the Council, may determine
9	to be appropriate.
10	The Corporation shall, based on the consideration of
11	all the factors in such risk matrix, determine which
12	companies are and are not in the high-risk category
13	for purposes of the sequential assessments required
14	under paragraph (6)(C).
15	(8) Requirement for equitable treat-
16	MENT IN ASSESSMENTS.—In establishing the assess-
17	ment system for the Fund, the Corporation, by regu-
18	lation and in consultation with the Council, shall dif-
19	ferentiate among financial companies based on com-
20	plexity of operations or organization, interconnected-
21	ness, size, direct or indirect activities, and any other
22	factors the Corporation or the Council may deem ap-
23	propriate to ensure that the assessments charged eq-
24	uitably reflect the risk posed to the Fund by par-
25	ticular classes of financial companies.

1	(9) Minimum comment period.—In order to
2	ensure sufficient opportunity for public and congres-
3	sional review and evaluation of any assessment sys-
4	tem, any proposed regulations regarding the imple-
5	mentation of the assessment system under this sub-
6	title shall provide an opportunity for public comment
7	during a period of not less than 60 days.
8	(o) Borrowing Authority.—
9	(1) Borrowing from treasury.—
10	(A) In general.—Subject to paragraphs
11	(3), (4), and (5), the Corporation may borrow
12	from the Treasury, and the Secretary of the
13	Treasury is authorized to lend to the Corpora-
14	tion on such terms as may be fixed by the Cor-
15	poration and the Secretary, such funds as in
16	the judgment of the Board of Directors of the
17	Corporation are required, in addition to the
18	funds available in the Systemic Dissolution
19	Fund, to permit the orderly dissolution of 1 or
20	more covered systemically significant financial
21	companies, covered affiliates, or covered sub-
22	sidiaries under this title.
23	(B) RATE OF INTEREST.—The rate of in-
24	terest to be charged in connection with any loan
25	made pursuant to this subsection shall not be

1	less than an amount determined by the Sec-
2	retary of the Treasury, taking into consider-
3	ation current market yields on outstanding
4	marketable obligations of the United States of
5	comparable maturities.
6	(2) Public debt issuances.—For the pur-
7	poses described in paragraph (1), the Secretary of
8	the Treasury may use as a public-debt transaction
9	the proceeds of the sale of any securities hereafter
10	issued under chapter 31 of title 31, and the pur-
11	poses for which securities may be issued under chap-
12	ter 31 of title 31 are extended to include such loans.
13	All loans and repayments under this subsection shall
14	be treated as public-debt transactions of the United
15	States.
16	(3) Borrowing authority when fund as-
17	SETS ARE LESS THAN \$150,000,000,000.—
18	(A) Subject to paragraph (B), the bor-
19	rowing authority granted in paragraph (1) shall
20	be available to the Corporation where—
21	(i) the value of the Fund is less than
22	\$150,000,000,000;
23	(ii) the Corporation determines that
24	the immediate dissolution of a financial
25	company or financial companies requires

1	more funds than are available in the Fund;
2	and
3	(iii) the Corporation has provided a
4	specific plan for repayment under para-
5	graph (7)(A).
6	(B) The Corporation may borrow, and the
7	Secretary may lend, any amount of funds that,
8	when added to the amount available in the
9	Fund on the date the Corporation makes a re-
10	quest to borrow funds, would not exceed
11	\$150,000,000,000.
12	(C) For purposes of paragraph (1), the
13	Corporation's total debt may not exceed
14	\$150,000,000,000 (not including any funds bor-
15	rowed pursuant to subsection (s)).
16	(4) Additional Borrowing authority.—
17	(A) If at any time the Corporation antici-
18	pates that the dissolution of any financial com-
19	pany or financial companies will require funds
20	in excess of \$150,000,000,000—
21	(i) the Corporation shall submit to the
22	Secretary and the President a written re-
23	quest for additional borrowing authority
24	subject to the limitation in subparagraph
25	(5), which shall be accompanied by a cer-

1	tification indicating the anticipated amount
2	needed, the basis on which such amount
3	was determined, and any such information
4	as the Secretary may deem necessary; and
5	(ii) the President shall transmit a re-
6	quest to the House of Representatives and
7	the Senate requesting the additional bor-
8	rowing authority, which shall include the
9	certification referred to in clause (i) and
10	which includes a repayment schedule as
11	outlined in paragraph (7).
12	(B) Any request for borrowing authority
13	under paragraph (A) shall be effective only if
14	approved by affirmative vote of the House of
15	Representatives and the Senate in accordance
16	with subsection (s).
17	(5) Limitations on additional borrowing
18	AUTHORITY.—
19	(A) No request for borrowing authority is
20	permitted under paragraph (4) unless the
21	President, in consultation with the Council, cer-
22	tifies to the House of Representatives and the
23	Senate that the borrowing authority is nec-
24	essary to avoid or mitigate an imminent finan-
25	cial emergency.

1	(B) The amount of borrowing authority re-
2	quested under subparagraph (A)(i) may not ex-
3	ceed \$50,000,000,000.
4	(6) Proceeds from Liquidation, Repayment
5	OF FUNDS.—
6	(A) In general.—The Corporation shall
7	take such measures as may be appropriate to
8	maximize the amount of funds from any dis-
9	solution that may be available for repayment
10	under subparagraph (B) consistent with sys-
11	temic concerns.
12	(B) Repayment priority.—Amounts re-
13	alized from the dissolution of any financial com-
14	pany under this subtitle that are not otherwise
15	utilized by the Corporation to dissolve a finan-
16	cial company under subsection (n)(3)(A) shall
17	be paid—
18	(i) first, to repay any costs incurred
19	in exercising the borrowing authority
20	granted in paragraph (1); and
21	(ii) second, to recapitalize the Fund,
22	subject to the requirements of section
23	1604(g), to such level as the Corporation
24	deems necessary, but not to exceed
25	\$150,000,000,000.

1	(7) Repayment plan and schedules re-
2	QUIRED FOR ANY BORROWING.—
3	(A) In general.—No amount may be
4	provided by the Secretary of the Treasury to
5	the Corporation under paragraph (1) unless an
6	agreement is in effect between the Secretary
7	and the Corporation which—
8	(i) provides a specific plan and sched-
9	ule for assessments under (n)(6) to achieve
10	the repayment of the outstanding amount
11	of any borrowing under such subsection;
12	and
13	(ii) demonstrates that income to the
14	Corporation from assessments under this
15	section will be sufficient to amortize the
16	outstanding balance within the period es-
17	tablished in the repayment schedule and
18	pay the interest accruing on such balance.
19	(B) Consultation with and report to
20	congress.—The Secretary of the Treasury and
21	the Corporation shall—
22	(i) consult with the Committee on Fi-
23	nancial Services of the House of Rep-
24	resentatives and the Committee on Bank-
25	ing, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the

1	Senate on the terms of any repayment
2	schedule agreement; and
3	(ii) submit a copy of each repayment
4	schedule agreement to the Committee on
5	Financial Services of the House of Rep-
6	resentatives and the Committee on Bank-
7	ing, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the
8	Senate before the end of the 30-day period
9	beginning on the date any amount is pro-
10	vided by the Secretary of the Treasury to
11	the Corporation under paragraph (1).
12	(p) Information Gathering and Verification;
13	Payments.—
13	
14	(1) In General.—The Corporation may re-
14	(1) In General.—The Corporation may re-
14 15	(1) In General.—The Corporation may require each financial company to make available such
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li></ul>	(1) In General.—The Corporation may require each financial company to make available such information as the Corporation may require—
14 15 16 17	(1) In General.—The Corporation may require each financial company to make available such information as the Corporation may require—  (A) for purposes of—
14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>(1) In General.—The Corporation may require each financial company to make available such information as the Corporation may require— <ul> <li>(A) for purposes of—</li> <li>(i) determining the financial com-</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>(1) IN GENERAL.—The Corporation may require each financial company to make available such information as the Corporation may require— <ul> <li>(A) for purposes of—</li> <li>(i) determining the financial company's assessment under this section;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>(1) In General.—The Corporation may require each financial company to make available such information as the Corporation may require— <ul> <li>(A) for purposes of—</li> <li>(i) determining the financial company's assessment under this section;</li> <li>(ii) verifying the accuracy of information</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>(1) IN GENERAL.—The Corporation may require each financial company to make available such information as the Corporation may require— <ul> <li>(A) for purposes of—</li> <li>(i) determining the financial company's assessment under this section;</li> <li>(ii) verifying the accuracy of information; and</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

1	(B) for such other purposes as may be ap-
2	propriate and necessary to promote the orderly
3	dissolution of the financial company.
4	(2) Use of existing reports.—The Corpora-
5	tion shall, to the fullest extent possible, accept—
6	(A) reports that a financial company has
7	provided or been required to provide to other
8	Federal or State supervisors or to appropriate
9	self-regulatory organizations;
10	(B) information that is otherwise required
11	to be reported publicly; and
12	(C) externally audited financial statements.
13	(3) Authority for on-site inspection.—
14	The Corporation may make on-site inspections of a
15	financial company's books and records as necessary
16	to carry out the purposes of this subsection.
17	(4) Rulemaking.—The Corporation may pro-
18	mulgate such rules or regulations as are necessary
19	or appropriate to implement this subsection.
20	(5) Payments of assessments required.—
21	(A) In general.—Any financial company
22	subject to an assessment under this section
23	shall pay to the Corporation such assessment.
24	(B) FORM OF PAYMENT.—The payments
25	required under this section shall be made in

1	such manner and at such time or times as the
2	Corporation, in consultation with the Council,
3	shall prescribe by regulation.
4	(6) Penalty for failure to timely pay as-
5	SESSMENTS.—Any financial company that fails or
6	refuses to pay any assessment under this section
7	shall be subject to a penalty under section 18(h) of
8	the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, as if that finan-
9	cial company were an insured depository institution.
10	(q) Assessment Actions.—
11	(1) In General.—The Corporation, in any
12	court of competent jurisdiction, shall be entitled to
13	recover from any financial company the amount of
14	any unpaid assessment lawfully payable by such
15	company.
16	(2) STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.—Notwith-
17	standing any other provision in Federal law, or the
18	law of any State—
19	(A) any action by a financial company to
20	recover from the Corporation the overpaid
21	amount of any assessment shall be brought
22	within 3 years after the date the assessment
23	payment was due, subject to subparagraph (C);
24	(B) any action by the Corporation to re-
25	cover from a financial company the underpaid

1	amount of any assessment shall be brought
2	within 3 years after the date the assessment
3	payment was due, subject to subparagraph (C);
4	and
5	(C) if a financial company has made a
6	false or fraudulent statement with intent to
7	evade any or all of its assessment, the Corpora-
8	tion shall have until 3 years after the date of
9	discovery of the false or fraudulent statement in
10	which to bring an action to recover the under-
11	paid amount.
12	(r) REQUIREMENT TO MAINTAIN SYSTEMIC DIS-
13	SOLUTION FUND AS SEPARATE FUND.—The Systemic
14	Dissolution Fund shall at all times be administered in a
15	manner that is separate and distinct from the Deposit In-
16	surance Fund, and the Corporation shall take such actions
17	as may be necessary to ensure that such distinction is
18	made with respect to internal processes and procedures
19	as well as with regard to any public information, discus-
20	sion or other communications involving either Fund.
21	(s) Congressional Approval of Additional
22	Borrowing Authority.—
23	(1) Introduction.—On the day on which the
24	request of the President is received by the House of
25	Representatives and the Senate under subsection

1	(o)(4)(A)(ii), a joint resolution specified in para-
2	graph (5) shall be introduced in the House by the
3	majority leader of the House and in the Senate by
4	the majority leader of the Senate. If either House is
5	not in session on the day on which such a request
6	is received, the joint resolution with respect to such
7	request shall be introduced in that House, as pro-
8	vided in the preceding sentence, on the first day
9	thereafter on which that House is in session.
10	(2) Consideration in the house of Rep-
11	RESENTATIVES.—
12	(A) REPORTING AND DISCHARGE.—Any
13	committee of the House of Representatives to
14	which a joint resolution introduced under para-
15	graph (1) is referred shall report such joint res-
16	olution to the House not later than 5 calendar
17	days after the applicable date of introduction of
18	the joint resolution. If a committee fails to re-
19	port such joint resolution within that period,
20	the committee shall be discharged from further
21	consideration of the joint resolution and the
22	joint resolution shall be referred to the appro-
23	priate calendar.
24	(B) Proceeding to consideration.—
25	After all committees authorized to consider a

1 joint resolution have reported such joint resolu-2 tion to the House or have been discharged from 3 its consideration, it shall be in order, not later 4 than the sixth day after the applicable date of 5 introduction of the joint resolution, for the ma-6 jority leader to move to proceed to consider the 7 joint resolution in the House. Such a motion 8 shall not be in order after the House has dis-9 posed of a motion to proceed on the joint reso-10 lution and shall not be in order if the House 11 has received a message from the Senate under 12 paragraph (4)(C). The previous question shall 13 be considered as ordered on the motion to its 14 adoption without intervening motion. A motion 15 to reconsider the vote by which the motion is 16 disposed of shall not be in order. 17 (C) Consideration.—The joint resolution 18 shall be considered in the House and shall be 19 considered as read. All points of order against 20 a joint resolution and against its consideration 21 are waived. The previous question shall be con-22 sidered as ordered on the joint resolution to its 23 passage without intervening motion except two

hours of debate equally divided and controlled

by the proponent and an opponent. A motion to

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1	reconsider the vote on passage of a joint resolu-
2	tion shall not be in order.
3	(3) Consideration in the senate.—
4	(A) Placement on Calendar.—Upon in-
5	troduction in the Senate, the joint resolution
6	shall be placed immediately on the calendar.
7	(B) Floor consideration.—
8	(i) In General.—Notwithstanding
9	rule XXII of the Standing Rules of the
10	Senate, it is in order at any time during
11	the period beginning on the fourth day
12	after the applicable date of introduction in
13	the Senate and ending on the sixth day
14	after the applicable date of introduction in
15	the Senate (even though a previous motion
16	to the same effect has been disagreed to)
17	to move to proceed to the consideration of
18	the joint resolution, and all points of order
19	against the joint resolution (and against
20	consideration of the joint resolution) are
21	waived. The motion to proceed is not de-
22	batable. The motion is not subject to a mo-
23	tion to postpone. A motion to reconsider
24	the vote by which the motion is agreed to
25	or disagreed to shall not be in order. If a

1	motion to proceed to the consideration of
2	the resolution is agreed to, the joint resolu-
3	tion shall remain the unfinished business
4	until disposed of.
5	(ii) Debate on the joint
6	resolution, and on all debatable motions
7	and appeals in connection therewith, shall
8	be limited to not more than 10 hours,
9	which shall be divided equally between the
10	majority and minority leaders or their des-
11	ignees. A motion further to limit debate is
12	in order and not debatable. An amendment
13	to, or a motion to postpone, or a motion to
14	proceed to the consideration of other busi-
15	ness, or a motion to recommit the joint
16	resolution is not in order.
17	(iii) VOTE ON PASSAGE.—The vote on
18	passage shall occur immediately following
19	the conclusion of the debate on a joint res-
20	olution, and a single quorum call at the
21	conclusion of the debate if requested in ac-
22	cordance with the rules of the Senate.
23	(iv) Rulings of the chair on pro-
24	CEDURE.—Appeals from the decisions of
25	the Chair relating to the application of the

1	rules of the Senate, as the case may be, to
2	the procedure relating to a joint resolution
3	shall be decided without debate.
4	(4) Rules relating to senate and house
5	OF REPRESENTATIVES.—
6	(A) COORDINATION WITH ACTION BY
7	OTHER HOUSE.—If, before the passage by one
8	House of a joint resolution of that House, that
9	House receives from the other House a joint
10	resolution, then the following procedures shall
11	apply:
12	(i) The joint resolution of the other
13	House shall not be referred to a com-
14	mittee.
15	(ii) With respect to the joint resolu-
16	tion of the House receiving the resolution,
17	the procedure in that House shall be the
18	same as if no such joint resolution had
19	been received from the other House; but
20	the vote on passage shall be on the joint
21	resolution of the other House.
22	(B) TREATMENT OF COMPANION MEAS-
23	URES.—If, following passage of a joint resolu-
24	tion in the Senate, the Senate then receives the
25	companion measure from the House of Rep-

1	resentatives, the companion measure shall not
2	be debatable.
3	(C) FAILURE OF JOINT RESOLUTION IN
4	THE SENATE.—
5	(i) If, in the Senate, the motion to
6	proceed to the consideration of the joint
7	resolution fails on adoption, the Secretary
8	of the Senate shall transmit a message to
9	that effect to the House of Representa-
10	tives.
11	(ii) If, in the Senate, the joint resolu-
12	tion fails on passage, the Secretary of the
13	Senate shall transmit a message to that ef-
14	fect to the House of Representatives.
15	(D) Rules of house of representa-
16	TIVES AND SENATE.—This paragraph and the
17	preceding paragraphs are enacted by Con-
18	gress—
19	(i) as an exercise of the rulemaking
20	power of the Senate and House of Rep-
21	resentatives, respectively, and as such it is
22	deemed a part of the rules of each House,
23	respectively, but applicable only with re-
24	spect to the procedure to be followed in
25	that House in the case of a joint resolu-

1	tion, and it supersedes other rules only to
2	the extent that it is inconsistent with such
3	rules; and
4	(ii) with full recognition of the con-
5	stitutional right of either House to change
6	the rules (so far as relating to the proce-
7	dure of that House) at any time, in the
8	same manner, and to the same extent as in
9	the case of any other rule of that House.
10	(5) Definition.—In this section, the term
11	"joint resolution" means only a joint resolution—
12	(A) which does not have a preamble;
13	(B) the title of which is as follows: "Joint
14	resolution relating to the approval of request
15	for borrowing authority under the Financial
16	Stability Improvement Act of 2009."; and
17	(C) the sole matter after the resolving
18	clause of which is as follows: "That the Con-
19	gress approves the request for additional bor-
20	rowing authority transmitted to the Congress
21	on by the President under section
22	1609(o)(4)(A)(ii) of the Financial Stability Im-
23	provement Act of 2009.", the blank space being
24	filled with the appropriate date.

Page 337, after line 6, insert the following sections:

## 35 SEC. 215. SYSTEMIC LIQUIDATION AUTHORITY. 2 The Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1811) et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 11A the fol-3 lowing new section: 4 5 "SEC. 11B. SYSTEMIC DISSOLUTION AUTHORITY AND FUND. 6 Systemic Dissolution Authority.—The 7 Corporation shall establish a Systemic Dissolution Authority, which shall function as a subsidiary of the Corpora-9 tion. 10 "(b) Systemic Dissolution Fund.—Any fund established for the purpose of facilitating the dissolution of 11 a financial company under title II of the Restoring Amer-12 ican Financial Stability Act of 2010 shall be called the 13 Systemic Dissolution Fund, which shall be managed by the Corporation, through the Systemic Dissolution Au-16 thority. "(c) Management of Fund.— 17 18 "(1) SEPARATE MAINTENANCE.—The Systemic 19 Dissolution Fund shall be separately maintained and 20 not commingled with any other fund of the Corpora-21 tion. 22 "(2) Treatment of and accounting for as-23 SETS.—The assets and liabilities of the Systemic

"(A) shall be the assets and liabilities of

the Fund and not of the Corporation; and

Dissolution Fund—

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1	"(B) shall not be consolidated with the as-
2	sets and liabilities of the Deposit Insurance
3	Fund or the Corporation for accounting, report-
4	ing, or any other purpose.
5	"(d) Rights, Powers, and Duties.—
6	"(1) In General.—The Corporation, in addi-
7	tion to any rights, powers, and duties under this Act
8	or any other law, shall, through the Systemic Dis-
9	solution Authority, have all rights, powers, and du-
10	ties necessary to implement and maintain the Sys-
11	temic Dissolution Fund in accordance with title II of
12	the Restoring American Financial Stability Act of
13	2010.
14	"(2) Powers as receiver for covered fi-
15	NANCIAL COMPANY.—When acting as receiver with
16	respect to any covered financial company, as defined
17	in title II of the Restoring American Financial Sta-
18	bility Act of 2010, the Corporation, through the Sys-
19	temic Dissolution Authority, shall have all rights,
20	powers, and duties that the Corporation has as re-
21	ceiver under such subtitle.
22	"(3) Specific and incidental powers.—The
23	Corporation, through the Systemic Dissolution Au-
24	thority, or any duly authorized officer or agent of
25	the Authority, may exercise all powers specifically

1	granted by the provisions of this Act and title II of
2	the Restoring American Financial Stability Act of
3	2010 and such incidental powers as shall be nec-
4	essary to carry out the powers so granted and ac-
5	complish the purposes of title II of the Restoring
6	American Financial Stability Act of 2010.
7	"(e) Staff and Resources.—
8	"(1) In General.—The Corporation shall as-
9	sign such staff, and provide such administrative and
10	other support services to the Systemic Dissolution
11	Authority as is necessary to fulfill the statutory re-
12	sponsibilities of the Authority.
13	"(2) Administrative expenses.—The cost
14	of all personnel, services, and resources provided on
15	behalf of the Systemic Dissolution Authority shall be
16	paid from the Systemic Dissolution Fund.".
17	SEC. 216. STUDY ON SECURED CREDITOR HAIRCUTS.
18	(a) Study Required.—The Corporation shall con-
19	duct a study evaluating the importance of maximizing
20	United States taxpayer protections and promoting market
21	discipline with respect to the treatment of fully secured
22	creditors in the utilization of the Orderly Liquidation Au-
23	thority authorized by this Act. In carrying out such study,
24	the Corporation shall—

1	(1) not be prejudicial to current or past laws or
2	regulations with respect to secured creditor treat-
3	ment in a resolution process;
4	(2) study the similarities and differences be-
5	tween the resolution mechanisms authorized by the
6	United States Bankruptcy Code, the Federal De-
7	posit Insurance Corporation Improvement Act of
8	1991, and the Orderly Liquidation Authority author-
9	ized by this Act;
10	(3) determine how various secured creditors are
11	treated in these resolution mechanisms and examine
12	how a haircut (of various degrees) on secured credi-
13	tors could improve market discipline and protect tax-
14	payers;
15	(4) compare the benefits and dynamics of pru-
16	dent lending practices by depository institutions in
17	secured loans for consumers and small businesses to
18	the lending practices of secured creditors to large,
19	interconnected financial firms;
20	(5) consider whether credit differs according to
21	different types of collateral and different terms and
22	timing of the extension of credit;
23	(6) include an examination of stakeholders who
24	were unsecured or under-collateralized and seek col-
25	lateral when a firm is failing, and the impact this

- 1 behavior has on financial stability and an orderly
- 2 resolution that protects taxpayers if the firm fails.
- 3 (b) Report.—Not later than the end of the 1-year
- 4 period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act,
- 5 the Corporation shall issue a report to the Congress con-
- 6 taining all findings and conclusions made by the Corpora-
- 7 tion in carrying out the study required under subsection
- 8 (a).

